

MOTION IN A STRAIGHT LINE

(I). for objects in accelerated rectilinear motion, the five quantities, displacement x , time

taker t , initial velocity V_i , final velocity V_f and acceleration a are related by a set of kinematic equations

OR **MECHANICS**. Thiele define

$$= 4 - at$$

$$N = V t^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

The above equations are the equations of motion for particle. If the position of the particle at $t = 0$ is x_0 , then the particle starts at x_0 at $t = 0$. It is at x at t , then the above equation is replaced by

(2) The relative velocity of object moving with velocity v in direction θ is given by $v \cos \theta$