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Total No. of Pages : 02

Total No. of Questions : 18

B.Tech. Only for CSE/IT (2018 Batch) (Sem.–1) SEMI-CONDUCTOR PHYSICS Subject Code : BTPH-104-18 Paper ID : [75360]

Time: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 60

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

- 1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
- 2. SECTION B & C. have FOUR questions each.
- 3. Attempt any FIVE questions from SECTION B & C carrying EIGHT marks each.
- 4. Select atleast TWO questions from SECTION B & C.

SECTION-A

Write briefly :

- 1. Draw the density of states, g(E) vs E diagram for 2-D and 3-D systems.
- 2. Differentiate between metals, semiconductors and insulators. Also draw the band diagrams for each.
- 3. Briefly explain : "For LED applications we need direct band gap materials".
- 4. Briefly explain : "Semiconductors have higher mobility as compared with metals".
- 5. List 4 direct bandgap semiconductors and their main applications.
- 6. What are photovoltaic devices?
- 7. List main features of Kronig-Penny model.
- 8. What is Hall effect?
- 9. Briefly explain : "Contact resistance becomes significant for semiconductors".
- 10. Draw the schematic for the hot-point probe measurement and briefly explain its basic principle.



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SECTION-B

- 11. Explain in detail (with diagrams) the origin of the bandgap in solids using the Bloch's theorem for particles in periodic potential. (8)
- 12. Determine the value of Fermi temperature, Fermi velocity, Fermi momentum and electrical conductivity for Sodium (Fermi energy, $E_F = 3.1 \text{ eV}$, Electron density, $n = 2.5 \times 10^{28}/\text{m}^3$, mobility, $\mu = 5.8 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^2/\text{Vs}$). (e = 1.6×10^{-19} C, electron mass, m = 9.1×10^{-31} kg, 1 eV = 1.6×10^{-19} J Boltzmann constant, k = 1.3808×10^{-23} J/K) (8)
- 13. Explain (with diagrams) the origin of depletion region and built in potential for a p-n junction diode. Give the expressions for the built-in potential and depletion region width. Also sketch the variation of the electric field and charge density across the barrier region.

(8)

- 14. a) Explain the difference in recombination process in direct and indirect band gap semiconductors. And explain its effect on the charge carrier life time and luminescent properties for a semiconductor.
 - b) Differentiate between ohmic contact and schottky junction for metal- semiconductor junction. (5 + 3)

SECTION-C

- 15. a) Explain (using suitable diagrams) various possible absorption transitions in a semiconductor.
 - b) List and briefly explain salient features of a semiconductor laser. (4+4)
- 16. a) Write short notes on :
 - i) Phonon density of states
 - ii) Excitons
 - b) Briefly explain the concept of population inversion and its significance for lasers.

 $(3 \times 2 + 2)$

- 17. a) List and briefly explain (with suitable diagram) one method for determination of :
 - i) Resistivity for a semiconductor.
 - ii) Sign of charge carrier in a semiconductor.
 - b) List various parameters which can be extracted from l-V curve for a diode. $(3 \times 2 + 2)$
- 18. a) Explain the origin of capacitance in a p-n junction. Briefly explain the parameters which can be determined from the capacitance measurement of a p-n junction.
 - b) Compare van der Paw method with 4-probe method for resistivity measurement.(5 + 3)

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