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Total No. of Pages : 02

Total No. of Questions : 09

B.Tech.(Aerospace Engg.) (2012 Onwards)/B.Tech.(ANE) (Sem.-4)

NUMERICAL ANALYSIS

Subject Code : ANE-204

Paper ID : [A1029]

Time : 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 60

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
2. SECTION-B contains FIVE questions carrying FIVE marks each and students have to attempt any FOUR questions.
3. SECTION-C contains THREE questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt any TWO questions.

SECTION-A

1. a) Find the truncation error for e^x at $x = \frac{1}{5}$ if first three terms are retained in expansion.

- b) The function $f(x) = \tan^{-1} x$ can be expanded as :

$$\tan^{-1} x = x - \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^5}{5} - \dots + (-1)^{n-1} \frac{x^{2n-1}}{2n-1} + \dots \text{ find } n \text{ such that series determines } \tan^{-1}(1) \text{ correct to eight significant digits.}$$

- c) Show that bisection method has linear order of convergence.
- d) Write Newton's Gregory forward interpolation formula.
- e) Write Newton-Cotes Quadrature formula.
- f) Define ill-conditioned system of equation with example.
- g) Explain pivoting and types of Pivoting.
- h) Write classification of linear partial differential equation.

$$A \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + B \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + C \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} + D \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + E \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + Fu = G$$

- i) Write Newton's iterative formula for finding inverse of a number.
- j) What is the difference between gauss-Seidal and gauss Jacobi's and which is fastest?

SECTION-B

- Find the root of the equation $2x = \cos x + 3$ correct to three decimal places using (i) iteration method (ii) Aitkin's Δ^2 method.
- The function $y = f(x)$ is given at the points (7,3), (8,1), (9,1) and (10,9). Find the value of y for $x = 9.5$ using Lagrange's interpolation formula.
- Show that the LU decomposition method fails to solve the system of equations:

$$x_1 + x_2 - x_3 = 2$$

$$2x_1 + 2x_2 + 5x_3 = -3$$

$$3x_1 + 2x_2 - 3x_3 = 6$$

whose exact solution is (1,0,-1).

- The velocity v (m/sec) of a car, t seconds after it starts from rest, is shown as follows:

t:	0	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120
v:	0	3.60	10.08	18.90	21.60	18.54	10.26	5.40	4.50	5.40	9.00

Find the distance travelled by the car in 2 minutes.

- Determine values of y at the pivotal points of the interval (0, 1) if y satisfies the boundary value problem $y^{(iv)} + 81y = 81x^2$, $y(0) = y(1) = y''(0) = y''(1) = 0$ take $(n=3)$.

SECTION-C

- Using Milne's method, solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + y^2$ with $y(0) = 0$, $y(0.2) = 0.2027$, $y(0.4) = 0.4228$, $y(0.6) = 0.6841$, obtain $y(0.8)$, $y(1)$ and $y(-0.2)$.
- Find all the Eigen values and corresponding Eigen vectors of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & \sqrt{2} & 2 \\ \sqrt{2} & 3 & \sqrt{2} \\ 2 & \sqrt{2} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ by Jacobi's method.}$$

- Solve $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$ is $0 \leq x \leq 4, 0 \leq y \leq 4$ given that $u(0,y) = 0$, $u(4,y) = 8+2y$, $u(x,0) = \frac{x^2}{2}$, $u(x,4) = x^2$ Take $h = k = 1$ and obtain the result correct to two decimal places.