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Total No. of Pages : 03

Total No. of Questions : 09

B.Tech. (Marine Engg.) (2013 Batch) (Sem.-5)

**MECHANICS OF MACHINES-I**

Subject Code : BTMR-504

Paper ID : [72717]

Time : 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 60

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :**

1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
2. SECTION-B contains FIVE questions carrying FIVE marks each and students have to attempt any FOUR questions.
3. SECTION-C contains THREE questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt any TWO questions.

**SECTION-A****Q1 Answer briefly :**

- a) What is Coriolis component of acceleration? Give example.
- b) What do you mean by inversion of mechanism? Write two inversions of four bar chain.
- c) Write Freudenstein equation.
- d) What is kinematic synthesis?
- e) What is the function of cam?
- f) Classify different types of followers.
- g) What is interference in gears?
- h) State law of gearing.
- i) What is the function of governor?
- j) Explain the effect of gyroscopic couple on aeroplane taking left turn when viewed from rear.

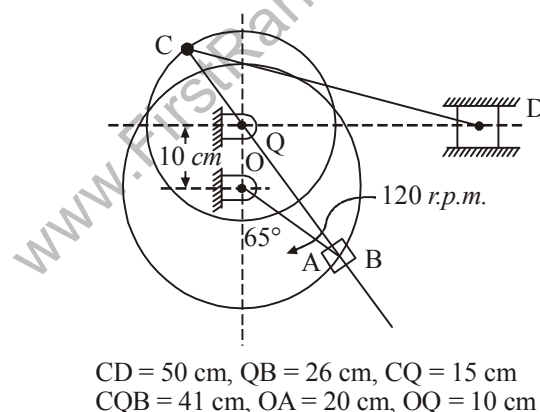
**SECTION-B****Q2** In a quick-return motion mechanism of crank and slotted lever type, the ratio of maximum velocities is 2. If the length of stroke is 25 cm, find :

- a) The length of the slotted lever
- b) The ratio of times of cutting and return strokes
- c) The maximum cutting velocity per second if the crank rotates at 30 *r.p.m.*

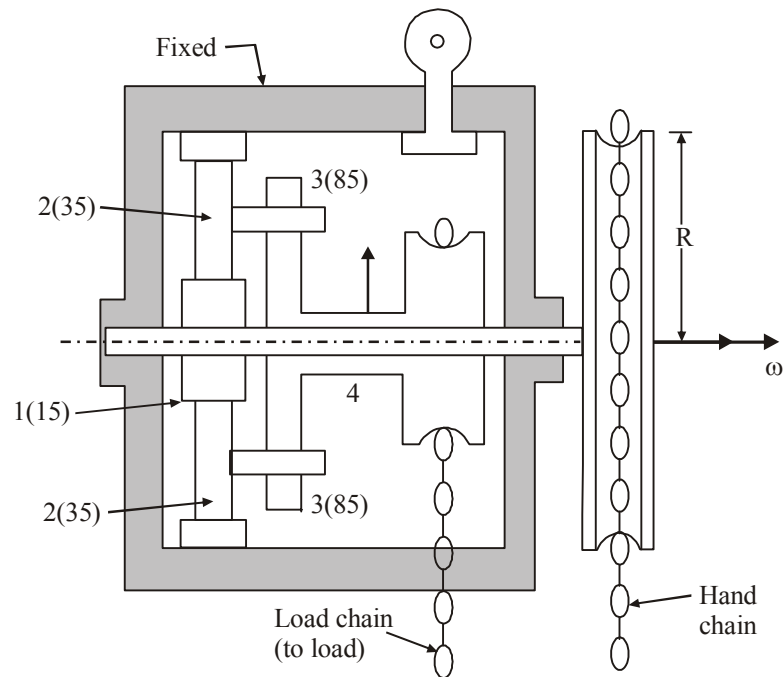
- Q3 Synthesize a four-bar linkage using Freudenstein's equation to generate the function  $y = x^{1.5}$  for the interval  $1 \leq x \leq 4$ . The input crank is to start from  $\theta_2 = 30^\circ$  and is to have a range of  $90^\circ$ . Take three accuracy points. Take output crank angle from  $0$  to  $90^\circ$
- Q4 A cam with convex flanks operating a flat faced follower has base circle diameter of  $7.5$  cm and nose radius of  $1$  cm. The lift of the follower is  $1.9$  cm. The cam is symmetrical about a line drawn through the centre of nose and centre of cam shaft. The total angle of action is  $120^\circ$ . Determine maximum velocity, acceleration and retardation of the follower when the cam shaft rotates at  $600$  r.p.m.
- Q5 Find the minimum number of teeth on the pinion to avoid interferences when the addendum for stub teeth is  $0.84$  module and the pressure angle  $\Phi = \cos^{-1} 0.95$ , if (a) the gear ratio is  $3$  to  $1$  and (b) the pinion meshes with a rack.
- Q6 The  $225$  kg rotor for a turbojet engine has a radius of gyration of  $250$  mm and rotates counter clockwise at  $18,000$  r.p.m. when viewed from the front of the airplane. If the airplane is travelling at  $1000$  km/hr and making a turn to left of  $3$  km radius, compute the Gyroscopic moment  $M$  which the bearing must support.

### SECTION-C

- Q7 Figure below shows the mechanism of Whitworth Quick Return Motion. Determine the velocity and acceleration of slider D.



- Q8 The Figure below of an epicyclic hoist is shown. The carrier 4 is integrally attached to sprocket wheel which carries the load chain. The sun gear, i.e., gear 1 is keyed to the sprocket wheel which carries the hand chain. The arm 4 is not connected to the shaft carrying the hand chain sprocket. The no. of teeth on the wheels are given in brackets. Gear 3 is an internal gear fixed inside the casing. Find the velocity ratio  $\omega_1 / \omega_4$  where  $\omega_1$  is the angular velocity of the sprocket carrying the hand chain and  $\omega_4$  is the angular velocity of the sprocket carrying the load chain.



- Q9 A governor of the Hartnell type has equal balls of mass 3 kg, set initially at a radius of 200 mm. The arms of the bell crank lever are 110 mm vertically and 150 mm horizontally. Find
- The initial compressive force on the spring, if the speed for an initial ball radius of 200 mm is 240 r.p.m.; and
  - The stiffness of the spring required to permit a sleeve movement of 4 mm on a fluctuation of 7.5 percent in the engine speed.