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Total No. of Questions : 09

**B.Tech. Electronics Engg. (OE 2012 Onwards)/
(Electrical & Electronics) (OE 2013 Batch)
(Sem.-6)**

TRANSDUCERS AND SIGNAL CONDITIONING

Subject Code : BTEEE-OPD

Paper ID : [72841]

Time : 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 60

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

1. **SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.**
2. **SECTION-B contains FIVE questions carrying FIVE marks each and students have to attempt any FOUR questions.**
3. **SECTION-C contains THREE questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt any TWO questions.**

SECTION-A

1. Answer briefly :

- Differentiate between measurement system using feedback.
- Differentiate between primary and secondary transducer.
- Define time division multiplexing and frequency division multiplexing as applied to telemetry.
- What are thermistors? Draw resistivity vs temperature characteristics.
- Explain different principles of working of inductive transducers.
- What are the ideal characteristics of OPAMP?
- Explain the functioning of a buffer amplifier.
- Describe the advantages of digital meter over analog counterpart.
- Explain Z-axis modulation for a CRO.
- Describe S/H circuit with a suitable example.

SECTION-B

2. Explain the construction and principle of working of LVDT. Explain how the magnitude and direction of displacement of core of an LVDT detected.
3. Describe the construction of a seismic type vibration transducer. Derive the expression for steady state output of the transducer when a sinusoidal input is applied to it.
4. Explain with suitable example how does an OPAMP function as integrator and differentiator.
5.
 - a) If carriers of two polarization are received at equal level (0 db difference). What is the improvement (db) over either carrier when a delivery combiner is used?
 - b) Explain multichannel DAS.
6. Explain the functioning of a basic type of strip chart recorder. What are different types of a marking mechanisms used in it?

SECTION-C

7. Describe the principle of working and circuit diagram of a digital oscilloscope in detail.
8. Explain different principle of working of capacitive transducers. Explain how by using differential arrangement, a capacitive transducer which works on the principle of variation of capacitance with displacement between two plates, the response can be made linear.
9. Write short notes on the following :
 - a) Multiplexer.
 - b) Digital frequency meter.