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Total No. of Pages : 02

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B.Tech.(Civil Engineering) (2011 Onwards E-I & II) (Sem.-7,8)

**FLOOD CONTROL & RIVER ENGINEERING**

Subject Code : BTCE-816

M.Code : 71875

Time : 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 60

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :**

1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
2. SECTION-B contains FIVE questions carrying FIVE marks each and students have to attempt any FOUR questions.
3. SECTION-C contains THREE questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt any TWO questions.

**SECTION-A**

**1. Answer briefly :**

- a. Explain lateral movement of rivers and its bank instability.
- b. Difference between guide bank and spurs.
- c. Write short notes on :
  - i) River bed aggradation
  - ii) Armouring.
- d. What do you understand by resistance to flow?
- e. Explain free board.
- f. What do you mean by launching apron?
- g. Write a note on economic justification of flood control projects.
- h. What is the spacing of groynes?
- i. What do you mean by bar formation in alluvial rivers?
- j. What do you mean by resistance to flow?

### SECTION-B

2. The ordinates of a 3 hour unit hydrograph are given below :

<b>Time in hr</b>	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30
<b>Ordinates m<sup>3</sup>/sec</b>	0	10	25	20	16	12	9	7	5	3	0

Find the ordinates of a 6 hour unit hydrograph for the same basin, analytically. Also sketch this unit hydrograph. What is the peak value of discharge in this unit hydrograph?

- What do you understand by flood forecasting? Why flood forecasts are necessary in life, and how are they formulated?
- What do you mean by spurs? Explain different types of spurs.
- What are the uses and limitations of unit hydrograph theory?
- Enumerate and briefly discuss the various methods that may be employed for controlling floods and also discuss the comparative merits and demerits of these methods.

### SECTION-C

7. Using a 3 hr. unit hydrograph given below find the peak flow, resulting from four successive 3 hour periods of rainfall producing 0.38, 0.89, 1.42 and 0.75 cm of runoff respectively by from a basin.

<b>Time in hour</b>	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
<b>Flow in m<sup>3</sup>/s</b>	0	15	56	169	332	435	395	280	210	161	120	90	59	32	15	0

- What are the impacts of flooding on socio economic development and agriculture?
- Estimate the sediment load in tonne at the proposed dam site in North India with the following data using various empirical equations :

Catchment area = 1839 sq. km

Width of reservoir at FRL = 560.0 m

River slope at the dam site = 0.006

Assume annual siltation rate per 100 sq. km from a similar catchment of 3050 sq. km to be 10.35 M.m<sup>3</sup>/100 sq.m.

Average inflows at the site are as follows :

<b>Year</b>	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990
<b>Inflow M. m<sup>3</sup></b>	2210	1290	1640	1780	2150	1980	2540	1285	1620

**NOTE : Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.**