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Total No. of Pages : 02

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B.Tech.(ECE) (2011 Batch E-II) B.Tech.(ETE) (2011 Onwards E-II) (Sem.-7,8) SATELLITE COMMUNICATION Subject Code : BTEC-910 M.Code : 71914

Time: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 60

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES :

- 1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
- 2. SECTION-B contains FIVE questions carrying FIVE marks each and students have to attempt any FOUR questions.
- 3. SECTION-C contains THREE questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt any TWO questions.

SECTION-A

1. Answer briefly :

- a) Explain the basic difference between active and passive satellites in systems.
- b) List various bands being used in satellite communication.
- c) What is system noise temperature?
- d) What is rainfall attenuation?
- e) What is Erlang call congestion formula?
- f) What is meant by burst time plan?
- g) Define VSAT Technology.
- h) Write a short note on Remote Sensing.
- i) What kind of photo detectors are being used in optical communication? Explain any one photo detector.
- j) Define Signal to Noise ratio.

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SECTION -B

- 2. List various advantages and disadvantages of satellite communication. Give the reasons that optical fibers inspite of being high bandwidth channel satellite communication has an edge over it.
- 3. Derive general link equation. Find out expressions for C/N and G/T ratios and also explain the importance of these ratios on satellite link design.
- 4. Derive the signal to noise ratio for SCPC signals.
- 5. Define the term INSAT. Explain its importance in satellite communication system. Also discuss INSAT series.
- 6. Explain the basic blocks of an optical transmitter and compare it with the analogous RF transmitter.

SECTION-C

- 7. What is satellite communication and how does a communication satellite differ from a communication relay? Also discuss current status of satellite communication.
- 8. a) Explain the parameters that control the design of earth station.
 - b) A satellite located at 40,000 km from earth operates at a frequency of 11GHZ and has EIRP of 21 db W. If the receiving antenna has a gain of 50.5dB. Find the received power.
- 9. With a neat block diagrams explain the working of a FDMA based satellite network. Write down its merits and demerits.

NOTE : Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.

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