

[illegible]

- a) Self-pollinated crops.
- b) Wild relatives of citrus.
- c) Origin of red gram.
- d) Ideotype.
- e) Epistasis.
- f) Hardy-Weinberg's Law.
- g) Genetic variability.
- h) Important varieties of maize.
- i) Pollination in rice.
- j) Additive gene effect.

### SECTION-B

- Q2. Explain the mechanisms of disease and insect pest resistance in vegetable crops.
- Q3. What do you understand by the term IPR? How is the concept of IPR useful for farmers?
- Q4. What do you mean by gene effects? Explain with examples. Write their significance in crop improvement.
- Q5. Define ideotype. What are the ideotypic characters for cotton?
- Q6. Explain the breeding objectives and procedures for improvement in chrysanthemum.

### SECTION-C

- Q7. Explain origin, distribution, wild relatives, objectives and methods of breeding in improvement of wheat.
- Q8. How has the ancient wild tomato cultivars been developed to modern day improved varieties? Describe breeding strategies employed to develop resistance against biotic and abiotic stresses in tomato.
- Q9. What are the wild relatives of plants? How are they conserved for utilization in crop improvement? Explain with examples.