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Total No. of Pages : 03

Total No. of Questions : 07

## BCA (2013 & Onward) B.Sc.(IT) (2015 & Onward) (Sem.–1) MATHEMATICS – I Subject Code : BSIT/BSBC-103 Paper ID : [B1110]

Time: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 60

## **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :**

- 1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
- 2. SECTION-B contains SIX questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt any FOUR questions.

## **SECTION-A**

- 1. Write briefly:
  - a) Let  $A = \{3, 6, 12, 15, 18, 21\}, B = \{4, 8, 12, 16, 20\}$ . Find  $(A B) \cup (B A)$ .
  - b) Let  $A = [\{1, 2, 3\}, \{4, 5\}, \{6, 7, 8\}]$ . Find the number of elements of A.
  - c) Define an antisymmetric relation by giving suitable example.
  - d) A = (1, 2, 3) and B = {x, y, z}, and let R be a relation from A to B defined by  $R = \{(1, y), (1, z), (3, y)\}$ . Determine the domain and range of R.
  - e) Write down the truth table of :  $\neg p \lor \neg q$ .
  - f) Write down the contrapositive of the conditional proposition:  $p \rightarrow q$
  - g) Define a multi graph.
  - h) Define a simple path and cycle in a graph.
  - i) Determine whether the sequence  $\langle 2n \rangle$  is solution of recurrence relation

$$a_n = 3a_{n-1} - a_{n-2}$$
?

j) Find the values of a, b, c, d from the equation :  $\begin{bmatrix} a-b & 2a+c \\ 2a-b & 3c+d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 5 \\ 0 & 13 \end{bmatrix}.$ 

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## **SECTION-B**

2.	If A and B are any two sets, then prove that $A - B = A \cap B^c$ .	(10)
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3. Prove the following by the principle of mathematical induction

$$1.3 + 2.4 + 3.5 + \dots + n \cdot (n+2) = \frac{1}{6}n(n+1)(2n+7).$$
<sup>(10)</sup>

- (i) Eulerian Graph
- (ii) Hamiltonian graph.
- b) Find the minimum number n of colors required to paint the following graph.



5. Find the inverse of the following matrix.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -3 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
(10)

6. a) Consider the following three relations on the set  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ :

 $R = \{(1, 1), (1, 4), (1, 3), (3, 3)\}$   $S = \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (3, 2), (2, 2), (3, 3)\}$  $T = \{(1, 1), (1, 4), (2, 2), (2, 3), (3, 3), (4, 4)\}$ 

Determine whether or not each of the above relations on A is : (6+4)

(i) reflexive; (ii) symmetric; (iii) transitive;

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(5)

b) Verify that the proposition  $(p \land q) \land \neg (p \lor q)$  is a contradiction.

a) Determine which of the following are Eulerian or Hamiltonian or both?`



b) In a group of 50 persons, 14 drink tea but not coffee and 30 drink tea. Find : (5)(i) How many drink tea and coffee both? (ii) How many drink coffee but not tea?

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