

Roll No. 

Total No. of Pages : 02

Total No. of Questions : 09

**BMC I (2014 & Onwards) (Sem.-2)**
**MATHEMATICS – II**
**Subject Code : BMC I-201**
**Paper ID : [72462]**

Time : 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 60

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :**

1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
2. SECTION-B contains FIVE questions carrying FIVE marks each and students have to attempt any FOUR questions.
3. SECTION-C contains THREE questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt any TWO questions.

**SECTION-A**

1. Write briefly :

- (a) Find  $x, y, z, t$  if  $2 \begin{bmatrix} x & z \\ y & t \end{bmatrix} + 3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = 3 \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 \\ 4 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$ .
- (b) Define rank of a matrix.
- (c) Is matrix multiplication commutative? Give details to support your answer or provide an example.
- (d) Evaluate  $\int \frac{\sin 4x}{\sin x} dx$ .
- (e) Give formulae for integration using Trapezoidal rule and Simpson's 3/8 rule.
- (f) Differentiate  $\cos^{-1}(1 - 2x^2)$  if  $0 < x < 1$ .
- (g) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  when  $y = e^{\sin x^2}$ .
- (h) Define measures of central tendency.
- (i) The following table gives the daily income of 10 workers. Find the arithmetic mean.

Workers	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
Daily Income	120	150	180	200	250	300	220	350	370	260

- (j) Calculate the standard deviation of the following values:

5, 10, 25, 30, 50.

### SECTION-B

2. Differentiate with respect to  $x$ :

(a)  $\log (x^x + \operatorname{cosec}^2 x)$

(b)  $\frac{\sec x + \tan x}{\sec x - \tan x}$ .

3. Apply Gauss Jordan method to solve:

$$x + y + z = 9;$$

$$2x - 3y + 4z = 13;$$

$$3x + 4y + 5z = 40.$$

4. (a) Evaluate  $\int \sin(\log x) dx$ .

(b)  $\int \frac{2x}{(x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 2)} dx$ .

5. (a) If  $x^3 + y^3 = 3ax$  find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .

(b) Evaluate  $\int \frac{1}{2x^2 + x - 1}$ .

6. Calculate the mean deviation for the following distribution :

Profit of Companies	10-20	20-30	30-50	50-70	70-80
No. of Companies	5	8	16	8	3

### SECTION-C

7. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha & -\sin \alpha & 0 \\ \sin \alpha & \cos \alpha & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . Find  $\operatorname{adj} A$  and verify that  $A(\operatorname{adj} A) = (\operatorname{adj} A)A = |A| I_3$ .

8. (a) Evaluate  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sqrt{\tan x} + \sqrt{\cot x} dx$ .

(b) Find the positive nos.  $x$  and  $y$  such that  $x + y = 60$  and  $xy^3$  is max.

9. (a) Evaluate  $\int e^x (\tan x + \log \sec x) dx$ .

(b) If Rs. 500 amounts to Rs. 583.20 in two years compounded annually. Find the rate of interest per annum.