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Total No. of Questions: 09

BRDM/B.SIM (2014 & Onwards)/BBA (2013 to 2017)/B.Sc. Business Economics (BBE) (2015 to 2017) (Sem.-3)

COST ACCOUNTING

Subject Code: BBE/BBA-303 Paper ID: [C1166]

Time: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 60

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES:

- SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
- 2. SECTIONS-B consists of FOUR Sub-sections: Units-I, II, III & IV.
- 3. Each Sub-section contains TWO questions each, carrying TEN marks each.
- 4. Student has to attempt any ONE question from each Sub-section.

SECTION-A

Q1. Write short note on the following in 2-5 lines:

- I. Explain three merits of management accounting.
- II. What is margin of safety?
- III. Discuss the significance of liquidity ratio.
- IV. Define contribution.
- V. Discuss in detail benefits of ideal costing system.
- VI. Define material cost variance.
- VII. How will you calculate profit volume ratio?
- VIII. What do you mean by cash flow statement?
- IX. How will you calculate cash from operation?
- X. Define sunk costing.

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SECTION-B

UNIT-I

- Q2. Define cost accounting. Discuss in detail objectives, advantages and disadvantages of cost accounting.
- Q3. Explain the FIFO and LIFO methods of the valuation of material issues. Discuss the effect of increasing and falling prices on these two methods of pricing material issue.

UNIT-II

Q4. A Company producing two products X and Y faces the problem of labour shortage. Maximum labour hours available in a month are 10,000 hours. The following other information is available:

| Material Cost | Product X(Rs) | Product Y (Rs) |
|--------------------|---------------|----------------|
| | 6.00 | 6.00 |
| Direct Labour Cost | | |
| 10 hours @ Re 1.00 | 10.00 | |
| 5 hours @ Re 1.00 | | 5.00 |
| Variable Overheads | 4.00 | 2.00 |
| Fixed overheads | 5,000 | 5,000 |
| Selling price | 30.00 | 20.00 |

Show which product is more profitable. Give proof in support of your answer.

Q5. Define overhead. Discuss in detail classification, absorption and apportionment of overheads.

UNIT-III

- Q6. What do you mean by budgetary control? Discuss in detail types of budget.
- Q7. The following data is obtained from the books of manufacturing concern:

| | Men | Women |
|-----------------------------|-------|-------|
| Number in the standard gang | 24 | 14 |
| Standard rate per hour | Rs. 8 | Rs. 7 |
| Number in the actual gang | 18 | 16 |
| Actual rate per hour | Rs. 9 | Rs. 6 |

During a week, 2 hours were lost due to power failure and work was actually done for 40 hours Calculate labour mix variance and idle time variance.

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UNIT-IV

- Q8. What is the purpose of ratio analysis? Explain with the help of example activity, current and growth ratios.
- Q9. I. The following is the position of Current Assets and Current Liabilities of M Ltd.

| Particulars | 2006 Rs. | 2007 Rs. |
|-------------------------|----------|----------|
| Provision for Bad Debts | 1,000 | 3,000 |
| Short- term Loan | 10,000 | 19,000 |
| Creditors | 15,000 | 10,000 |
| Bills Receivable | 20,000 | 40,000 |
| | | |

The company incurred a loss of Rs. 45,000 during the year. Calculate the Net Cash Flows from the Operating Activities by Indirect Method.

II. Discuss in detail advantage and limitations of cash flow statement.

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