

Roll No.

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Total No. of Pages : 01

Total No. of Questions : 06

M.Pharmacy (Pharmacognosy) (2017 & Onwards) (Sem.-1)
MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES

Subject Code : MPG-101T

Paper ID : [74669]

Time : 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 75

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

1. Attempt any FIVE questions out of SIX questions.
2. Each question carries EQUAL marks.

1.
 - a. Discuss types of electronic transition in UV spectroscopy. (5)
 - b. Describe fundamental mode of molecular vibrations responsible for signals in IR. (5)
 - c. Describe characteristic features of a molecule responsible for fluorescence. (5)
2.
 - a. Give labeled diagram for basic elements of classical NMR spectrometer. (5)
 - b. What is the principle of ^{13}C NMR? (5)
 - c. Draw structure of TMS and comment on its suitability to be an internal standard in ^1H NMR. (5)
3.
 - a. Describe construction and working of double focused mass spectrometer. (10)
 - b. Describe the application of mass spectrometry in determination of molecular mass and molecular formula. (5)
4.
 - a. Describe construction of capillary column used in GC. (5)
 - b. What is the principle of Gel chromatography? (5)
 - c. Give brief account of stationary phases which are commonly used in TLC and their specific applications. (5)
5.
 - a. Describe the principle of Gel electrophoresis. (5)
 - b. Describe the pharmaceutical applications of Capillary electrophoresis. (5)
 - c. Describe the fundamental principle of X-ray crystallography. (5)
6.
 - a. What is modulated DSC? Describe its advantages and disadvantages. (7.5)
 - b. Describe the construction of thermobalance in Thermal Gravimetric Analysis. (7.5)