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Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

Second year B.Pharm Degree Examination - August 2010

Time: Three Hours Max. Marks: 80 Marks

PHYSICAL PHARMACEUTICS (Revised Scheme - 2)

Q.P. CODE: 1956

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary

LONG ESSAYS (Answer any Two)

 $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks}$

- 1. Define solubility, ideal and real solutions. Explain solubility of binary and ternary liquids
- 2. Explain Freundlich and Langmuir adsorption isotherms
- 3. What is meant by controlled flocculation? Discuss various means by which controlled flocculation can be achieved with example

SHORT ESSAYS (Answer any Eight)

 $8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ Marks}$

- 4. How does complexation influence drug action? Explain with the help of suitable examples
- 5. Explain the procedure and principle involved in a simple diffusion cell
- 6. What is Critical Solution Temperature? What is the effect of impurity on critical solution temperature?
- 7. Give the principle of cup and bob viscometer
- 8. Define buffer capacity? Give the buffer systems used in pharmacy
- 9. How do you determine dielectric constant?
- 10. Explain DLVO theory
- 11. Give the application of spreading coefficient in pharmacy
- 12. Differentiate between the various types of porosities
- 13. Differentiate between half life of zero order and first order reactions

SHORT ANSWERS $10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks}$

- 14. Mention two applications of inclusion complexes
- 15. Thixotropy and its applications
- 16. What is CMC? Give its significance
- 17. What is plug flow?
- 18. Differentiate between partial and complete solubility
- 19. Give Henderson-Hasselbach equation
- 20. What is dipole-dipole moment?
- 21. Why are colloidal solutions colored?
- 22. Differentiate between adhesive forces and cohesive forces
- 23. Define creaming and cracking
