

# Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka IV Year B.Pharm Degree Examination - Mar 2013

Time: Three Hours Max. Marks: 80 Marks

## INDUSTRIAL PHARMACOGNOSY (Revised Scheme - 2) Q.P. CODE: 1970

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary

#### LONG ESSAYS (Answer any Two)

 $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks}$ 

- 1. Explain the methods for isolation, identification and estimation of citrus bioflavanoids and withanolides.
- 2. Explain mutation and hybridization methods and their importance in improving the quality of medicinal plants.
- 3. What are herbal formulations? Explain different methods useful in the evaluation of herbal formulations.

### **SHORT ESSAYS (Answer any Eight)**

 $8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ Marks}$ 

- 4. What are secondary metabolites? How plant tissue culture has helped to obtain secondary metabolites?
- 5. What is standardization? Explain the standardization method for vasaka leaf.
- 6. Give the sources, method of preparations, chemical natures and uses of papain.
- 7. Describe Ayurveda, and Siddha medicine system.
- 8. Explain the role of amla and henna in hair dyes.
- 9. Give the scope of herbal-based industries in India.
- 10. Describe patenting of natural products.
- 11. Give general methods for isolation and purification of enzymes.
- 12. Explain the isolation and estimation methods for ephedrine.
- 13. How will you standardize extract containg punarnava?

#### **SHORT ANSWERS**

 $10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks}$ 

- 14. Write the structure of quinine.
- 15. Give the source, chemical constituent and uses hybiscus.
- 16. What is polyploidy?
- 17. Give the source chemical constituent and uses kantakari.
- 18. What is electroporation?
- 19. Give the source and uses gymnemic acid.
- 20. Give method of preparation ghutika.
- 21. Give the differences between HPTLC & TLC.
- 22. What is haploid culture?
- 23. Give the source chemical constituent and uses rasna.

\*\*\*\*