

Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka I Year B.Pharm Degree Examination - DEC-2014

Time: Three Hours Max. Marks: 70 Marks

PHARMACEUTICAL INORGANIC CHEMISTRY (Revised Scheme 3)

Q.P. CODE: 2605

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary

LONG ESSAYS (Answer any Two)

 $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks}$

- 1. What are Dental products? Discuss the role of fluoride in preventing dental caries.
- 2. What are Pharmaceutical Aids? Classify them with suitable examples. Add a note on Bentonite.
- 3. Give the principle, reaction and procedure involved in the Limit test for chlorides and sulphates.

SHORT ESSAYS (Answer any Six)

 $6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ Marks}$

- 4. What are Haematinics? Write the method of preparation and assay of Ferrous Sulphate.
- 5. What are GIT agents? Classify them with examples. Write a note on protective and adsorbents.
- 6. Write preparation and standardization of 0.1N Cerric ammonium sulphate.
- 7. What are anti-dotes? Classify them with examples.
- 8. Write a note on significant figures.
- 9. What is electrolyte combination therapy? Explain ORS.
- 10. What are Ligands and how will you detect the end point in complex formation reaction?
- 11. Write the Mohr's method for the estimation of halides.

SHORT ANSWERS 10 x 2 = 20 Marks

- 12. Role of citric acid and thioglycollic acid in iorn limit test.
- 13. Storage condition, labeling and medicinal uses of Oxygen.
- 14. Name any four redox indicators.
- 15. Types of solvents used in Non aqueous titrations. Give examples.
- 16. Define Systemic acidosis and Systemic alkalosis.
- 17. Define emetic. Give examples.
- 18. Write the chemical formula and medicinal uses of sodium metabisulphite.
- 19. Role of Nitrobenzene in modified Volhard's method.
- 20. Define expectorants. Give example.
- 21. Write the reactions involved in the assay of Copper sulphate.
