

15CPH18/28

USN

First/Second Semester B.E Degree Examination, June/July 2019
Constitution of India, Professional Ethics and Human Rights

(COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES)

Time: 2 hrs.]

[Max. Marks: 40

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES

1. Answer all the forty questions, each question carries **ONE mark**.
2. Use only **Black ball point pen** for writing / darkening the circles.
3. For each question, after selecting your answer, darken the appropriate circle corresponding to the same question number on the OMR sheet.
4. **Darkening two** circles for the same question makes the answer invalid.
5. **Damaging/overwriting, using whiteners** on the **OMR** sheets are strictly prohibited.

-
1. The date of commencement of Indian Constitution is
a) 26-01-1950 b) 26-11-1949 c) 15-08-1947 d) 14-08-1947
 2. In the final form of the constitution adopted by the constituent assembly, how many articles and schedules were there?
a) 395 Articles and 8 Schedules b) 398 Articles and 7 Schedules
c) 319 Articles and 8 Schedules d) 365 Articles and 7 Schedules
 3. The preamble of the constitution of India has been amended so for
a) Four times b) Thrice c) Twice d) Once
 4. The preamble was amended by
a) 24th amendment b) 42nd amendment c) 44th amendment d) 76th amendment
 5. A state which does not promote or interfere in the affairs of religion is referred to as
a) Secular b) Democratic c) Socialist d) Liberal
 6. Universal adult franchise shows that India is a country which is
a) Democratic b) Secular c) Socialist d) Sovereign
 7. The first temporary 2-day president of the constituent assembly was
a) Rajendra Prasad b) BR Ambedkar
c) Sachidananda Sinha d) Shyamaprasad Mukharjee
-

15CPH18/28

8. Terminology for the preamble was taken from the constitution of
a) UK b) Canada c) Australia d) Ireland
9. The fundamental rights are enshrined in chapter
a) III b) II c) I d) IV
10. Directive principles of state policies are
a) political rights b) Constitutional rights c) Legal rights d) Social rights
11. This is not a fundamental duty
a) To develop scientific temper b) To protect environment
c) Involving in corruption d) To abide by the constitution
12. The directive principles incorporated in the constitution have been inspired by the constitution of
a) USA b) Ireland c) Canada d) Australia
13. Uniform Civil code means
a) Codified law applicable to all persons of India irrespective of religion
b) Civil law applicable to common man
c) Common law applicable to government servants
d) Common law applicable to Hindus and Muslims
14. What can be the maximum gap between two sessions of parliament?
a) Four months b) Six months c) 1 year d) 2 months
15. The president of India is elected for
a) 3 years b) 5 years c) 6 years d) 4 years
16. What is the term of Rajyasabha members?
a) 3 years b) 4 years c) 5 years d) 6 years
17. Present Chief Justice of India is
a) RM Lodha b) T.S. Thakur c) H L Dattu d) P Sathasivam
18. What is the system of legislature in the state of Karnataka?
a) Cameral b) Unicameral c) Bicameral d) None
19. Who appoints Vice-Chancellors of the State Universities?
a) Chief Minister b) Education Minister
c) Governor d) Chief Justice of High Court
20. On what ground, a judge of High Court can be removed
a) Insolvency b) Insanity
c) Public demand d) Proved misbehaviour or incapacity
21. In India, the citizens have been given the right to vote on the basis of
a) Age b) Gender c) Education d) Employment

15CPH18/28

22. Election Commission of India is
a) One member commission b) Two member commission
c) Multimember commission d) None of these
23. The 'amendment procedure' to the constitution is borrowed from the constitution of
a) Britain b) USA c) Germany d) Canada
24. The amendment which restricted the size of council of ministers to 15% of legislative members is
a) 91 b) 86 c) 76 d) 74
25. Amendment that protects reservation to SC/ST employees in promotions is
a) 42 b) 86 c) 77 d) 91
26. Reservation for schedule castes and scheduled tribes in the house of the people is as per article
a) 370 b) 330 c) 395 d) 313
27. Which article gives special provisions to the state of Jammu and Kashmir?
a) 370 b) 330 c) 395 d) 313
28. The Prime Minister of India during the proclamation of emergency in 1975 was
a) Charan Singh b) VP Singh c) VP Narasimha Rao d) Indira Gandhi
29. Chairperson of National Human Rights Commission is a
a) Member of Parliament b) Retired Chief Justice of India
c) Politician above the age of 60 d) None of these
30. The National human rights commission of India was constituted on
a) 12-10-2003 b) 12-10-1993 c) 10-12-1993 d) 10-12-2003
31. Statutory provisions for Panchayat Raj as third level of administration in villages is included in the amendment
a) 72 b) 73 c) 77 d) 84
32. Powers to impose taxes by Panchayats is included in
a) Article 330 b) Article 243A c) Article 243B d) Article 243H
33. Which one is not a trade secret
a) Equipment b) Pattern c) Formula d) Theorem
34. 'Fear' is an impediment to
a) accountability b) liability c) transparency d) responsibility
35. The use of intellectual property for others without their permission or credit is referred as
a) Trimming b) Forging c) Cooking d) Plagiarism

15CPH18/28

36. Which of the following does not depict the attitude towards responsibility?
a) Good works b) Protest c) Minimalist d) Reasonable care
37. The smoothing of irregularities to make data to look extremely precise done researches called
a) Forging b) Plagiarism c) Trimming d) Cooking
38. Which of the following is not preserved as an intellectual property?
a) Patents b) Copyrights
c) Government Regulations d) Trade Secrets
39. Corrupt professional judgment leads to
a) Reliability b) Integrity c) Conflict of interest d) None of these
40. One of the ways of reducing the risk is
a) Complex interaction b) Changing the working system
c) Normalization of deviance d) Tight coupling

<1:SI0C ety •js