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15CV45

Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2018/Jan.2019 Basic Geotechnical Engineering

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each module.

Module-1

a. Define : i) Void ratio ii) Porosity iii) Degree of saturation iv) Air content. (08 Marks)
b. Explain the procedure to determine density of soil by core cutter method and sand replacement method. (08 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Explain Atterberg's limits.
 - b. The liquid and plastic limits of a given soil sample are 65% and 40% respectively. Compute its consistency index, liquidity index, flow index and toughness index. Given that the water content in the soil sample decreases from 80% to 40% for a ten fold increase in the **number** of blows required to close the groove in the standard liquid limit apparatus. (10 Marks)

Module-2

3 a. Explain with neat sketches, the soil structure.b. Describe the three principal clay minerals.

OR

- 4 a. What are the objectives of compaction?
 - b. List the factors affecting compaction.
 - c. Following are the obsery

	Water content %	Weight of wet soil (N)
2	7.7	16.67
22	11.5	18.54
	14.6	19.92
	17.5	19.52
	19.5	19.23
	21.2	18.83

If the volume of compaction mould is 950 CC and G = 2.65, determine the dry unit weight and OMC. (08 Marks)

Module-3

- **5 a.** Explain the laboratory method of determination of permeability by constant head method and variable head method. (08 Marks)
 - b. The following details refer to a test to determine the permeability of soil.

Thickness of specimen = 25mm

Diameter of stand pipe = 1 Omm

Initial head = 1000mm

Final head = 800min

Determine the permeability of soil. If the void ratio of sample is 0.75, what is the permeability of same soil at a void ratio of 0.9? (08 Marks)

(04 Marks)

(08 Marks)

(08 Marks)

(06 Marks)

(04 Marks) (04 Marks)





(04 Marks)

OR

- a. What are the important properties of flow nets? 6
 - The porosity of a certain sample of sand was 50% in the loose state and 34% in the dense state. The specific gravity is 2.70. Estimate the critical hydraulic gradients in loose and dense states. (04 Marks)
 - c. A clay strata of thickness 8m is located at a depth of 6m below ground surface. It is overlaid by fine sand. The water table is located at a depth of 2m below the ground surface. For fine sand the submerged unit weight is 10.2 kN/m^3 . The moist unit weight of sand located above the water table is 16 kN/m³. For clay layer, G = 2.76 and water content = 25%. Compute the effective stress at the middle of clay layer. (08 Marks)

Nlodule-4

a. Explain Mass-Spring analogy. 7 b. What are the assumptions made in Terzaghis theory of one-dimensional consolidation?

OR

- a. Explain compressibility of soil and volume change. 8 (04 Marks)
 - b. Differentiate between normally consolidated soil and over-consolidated soil. (04 Marks)
 - c. A saturated specimen of clay had undergone consolidation under a pressure of 200kN/m² in an oedometer test. The thickness of the specimen was found to be 21.18mm and its water content 12%. Subsequently, with a further increase in pressure of 100kN/m², the thickness of specimen at the end of 24 hrs was reduced by 1.18mm. Compute the coefficient of volume compressibility and compression index of soil G = 2.7. (08 Marks)

Module-5

9	Explain Mohr's Coulombs failure theory and dra	w the failure envelope	for different soils.
		-	(08 Marks)

- b. What are the factors affecting the shear strength of soil? (04 Marks)
- C. What are the advantages and disadvantages of direct sheartest? (04 Marks)

OR

a. Explain triaxial compression test and what are the advantages of triaxial test. 10 (08 Marks' b. Following results are obt

Normal load (N)	100	200	300	400
Shear load (N)	90	181	270	362

Size of the box = 6cm x 6cm. Determine shear strength parameters.

(08 Marks)

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(08 Marks)

(08 Marks)