**R07** 

# Set No. 2

# II B.Tech I Semester Examinations, May 2011 FOUNDATION OF SOLID MECHANICS Aeronautical Engineering

Time: 3 hours

Code No: 07A32101

Max Marks: 80

### Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks \*\*\*\*

- 1. A shaft transmits 300 kW power at 120 r.p.m. The allowable shear stress is 70  $N/mm^2$  Determine:
  - (a) The necessary diameter of solid circular shaft
  - (b) The necessary diameter of hollow circular section, the inside diameter being 2/3 of the external diameter.
  - (c) Taking the density of material is 77  $\rm kN/m^3,$  calculate the % saving in the material if hollow shaft is used. [16]
- 2. A thin cylinder of internal diameter 2.0 m contains a fluid at an internal pressure of  $3 \text{ N/mm}^2$ . Determine the minimum thickness required if:
  - (a) the longitudinal stress is not to exceed  $30 \text{ N/mm}^2$  and
  - (b) Circumferential stress is not to exceed  $40 \text{ N/mm}^2$ . [16]
- 3. A cantilever of T-section (Flange:  $120 \text{mm} \times 20 \text{mm}$ ; Web:  $130 \text{mm} \times 20 \text{mm}$ ) is 2.8 m long and the deflection at the free end is not to exceed 2mm, determine: The maximum value of W, Direction of neutral axis with respect to vertical axis. [16]
- 4. (a) A beam of symmetrical section has a depth of 450 mm and a moment of inertia of  $27,536 \times 10^4 \text{ mm}^4$  about its axis of bending. Find the maximum permissible span for this beam if simply supported at the ends. It has to carry a uniformly distributed load of 25 kN/m without exceeding a bending stress of 120 N/mm<sup>2</sup>.
  - (b) A cast iron beam 25 mm square in section and 600 mm long is freely supported at the ends. It fails with a central load of 2.5 kN. What load at the free end will break a cantilever for the same material 50 mm wide  $\times$  100 mm deep and 1500 mm long. [16]
- 5. A cantilever of length 3m carries two point loads of 2 kN at the free end and 4 kN at a distance of 1 m from the free end. Find the slope and deflection at the free end. Take  $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$  and  $I = 10^8 \text{ mm}^4$ . [16]
- 6. A beam section shown in figure 6 is subjected to a shear force of 10kN. Plot a graph showing the variation of shear stress along the depth of section. Determine also the ratio of maximum shear stress and mean shear stress. [16]







Figure 6

- 7. (a) Derive an expression between shear force and bending moment with suitable assumptions.
  - (b) Draw the shear force & Bending moment diagrams for a cantilever subjected to the loads as shown in figure 7b. [8+8]



8. A welded joint is provided to connect two tie bars 150 mm  $\times$  10mm as shown in figure 8. The working stress in the bar is 120 MN/m<sup>2</sup>. Investigate the design. If the size of the fillet is 12mm. Take the working stress in the end fillet as 102.5 MN/m<sup>2</sup> and that in the diagonal fillet as 70 MN/m<sup>2</sup>. [16]



Figure 8

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Time: 3 hours

**R07** 

# Set No. 4

# II B.Tech I Semester Examinations, May 2011 FOUNDATION OF SOLID MECHANICS Aeronautical Engineering

Max Marks: 80

### Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks \*\*\*\*\*

- 1. (a) Derive an expression between shear force and bending moment with suitable assumptions.
  - (b) Draw the shear force & Bending moment diagrams for a cantilever subjected to the loads as shown in figure 1b. [8+8]



- 2. A thin cylinder of internal diameter 2.0 m contains a fluid at an internal pressure of 3 N/mm<sup>2</sup>. Determine the minimum thickness required if:
  - (a) the longitudinal stress is not to exceed  $30 \text{ N/mm}^2$  and
  - (b) Circumferential stress is not to exceed  $40 \text{ N/mm}^2$ . [16]
- 3. A cantilever of T-section (Flange: 120mm × 20mm; Web: 130 mm × 20mm) is 2.8 m long and the deflection at the free end is not to exceed 2mm, determine: The maximum value of W, Direction of neutral axis with respect to vertical axis. [16]
- 4. A cantilever of length 3m carries two point loads of 2 kN at the free end and 4 kN at a distance of 1 m from the free end. Find the slope and deflection at the free end. Take  $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$  and  $I = 10^8 \text{ mm}^4$ . [16]
- 5. (a) A beam of symmetrical section has a depth of 450 mm and a moment of inertia of  $27,536 \times 10^4 \text{ mm}^4$  about its axis of bending. Find the maximum permissible span for this beam if simply supported at the ends. It has to carry a uniformly distributed load of 25 kN/m without exceeding a bending stress of 120 N/mm<sup>2</sup>.
  - (b) A cast iron beam 25 mm square in section and 600 mm long is freely supported at the ends. It fails with a central load of 2.5 kN. What load at the free end will break a cantilever for the same material 50 mm wide × 100 mm deep and 1500 mm long. [16]

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# Set No. 4

6. A beam section shown in figure 6 is subjected to a shear force of 10kN. Plot a graph showing the variation of shear stress along the depth of section. Determine also the ratio of maximum shear stress and mean shear stress. [16]



Figure 6

- 7. A shaft transmits 300 kW power at 120 r.p.m. The allowable shear stress is 70  $\rm N/mm^2.$  Determine:
  - (a) The necessary diameter of solid circular shaft
  - (b) The necessary diameter of hollow circular section, the inside diameter being 2/3 of the external diameter.
  - (c) Taking the density of material is 77 kN/m<sup>3</sup>, calculate the % saving in the material if hollow shaft is used. [16]
- 8. A welded joint is provided to connect two tie bars 150 mm  $\times$  10mm as shown in figure 8. The working stress in the bar is 120 MN/m<sup>2</sup>. Investigate the design. If the size of the fillet is 12mm. Take the working stress in the end fillet as 102.5 MN/m<sup>2</sup> and that in the diagonal fillet as 70 MN/m<sup>2</sup>. [16]



Figure 8

#### \*\*\*\*\*

Time: 3 hours

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# Set No. 1

# II B.Tech I Semester Examinations, May 2011 FOUNDATION OF SOLID MECHANICS Aeronautical Engineering

Max Marks: 80

### Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks \*\*\*\*\*

- 1. A cantilever of length 3m carries two point loads of 2 kN at the free end and 4 kN at a distance of 1 m from the free end. Find the slope and deflection at the free end. Take  $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$  and  $I = 10^8 \text{ mm}^4$ . [16]
- 2. A welded joint is provided to connect two tie bars 150 mm  $\times$  10mm as shown in figure 2. The working stress in the bar is 120 MN/m<sup>2</sup>. Investigate the design. If the size of the fillet is 12mm. Take the working stress in the end fillet as 102.5 MN/m<sup>2</sup> and that in the diagonal fillet as 70 MN/m<sup>2</sup>. [16]



Figure 2

- 3. (a) Derive an expression between shear force and bending moment with suitable assumptions.
  - (b) Draw the shear force & Bending moment diagrams for a cantilever subjected to the loads as shown in figure 3b. [8+8]



Figure 3b

4. A cantilever of T-section (Flange:  $120 \text{mm} \times 20 \text{mm}$ ; Web:  $130 \text{mm} \times 20 \text{mm}$ ) is 2.8

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# Set No. 1

[16]

m long and the deflection at the free end is not to exceed 2mm, determine: The maximum value of W, Direction of neutral axis with respect to vertical axis. [16]

- 5. A shaft transmits 300 kW power at 120 r.p.m. The allowable shear stress is 70  $\rm N/mm^2.$  Determine:
  - (a) The necessary diameter of solid circular shaft
  - (b) The necessary diameter of hollow circular section, the inside diameter being 2/3 of the external diameter.
  - (c) Taking the density of material is 77 kN/m<sup>3</sup>, calculate the % saving in the material if hollow shaft is used.
    [16]
- 6. A beam section shown in figure 6 is subjected to a shear force of 10kN. Plot a graph showing the variation of shear stress along the depth of section. Determine also the ratio of maximum shear stress and mean shear stress. [16]



- 7. A thin cylinder of internal diameter 2.0 m contains a fluid at an internal pressure of  $3 \text{ N/mm}^2$ . Determine the minimum thickness required if:
  - (a) the longitudinal stress is not to exceed  $30 \text{ N/mm}^2$  and
  - (b) Circumferential stress is not to exceed  $40 \text{ N/mm}^2$ .
- 8. (a) A beam of symmetrical section has a depth of 450 mm and a moment of inertia of  $27,536 \times 10^4 \text{ mm}^4$  about its axis of bending. Find the maximum permissible span for this beam if simply supported at the ends. It has to carry a uniformly distributed load of 25 kN/m without exceeding a bending stress of 120 N/mm<sup>2</sup>.
  - (b) A cast iron beam 25 mm square in section and 600 mm long is freely supported at the ends. It fails with a central load of 2.5 kN. What load at the free end will break a cantilever for the same material 50 mm wide  $\times$  100 mm deep and 1500 mm long. [16]

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**R07** 

Set No. 3

# II B.Tech I Semester Examinations, May 2011 FOUNDATION OF SOLID MECHANICS **Aeronautical Engineering**

Time: 3 hours

Code No: 07A32101

Max Marks: 80

### Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks \*\*\*\*

1. A beam section shown in figure 1 is subjected to a shear force of 10kN. Plot a graph showing the variation of shear stress along the depth of section. Determine also the ratio of maximum shear stress and mean shear stress. [16]



- 2. A cantilever of length 3m carries two point loads of 2 kN at the free end and 4 kN at a distance of 1 m from the free end. Find the slope and deflection at the free end. Take  $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$  and  $I = 10^8 \text{ mm}^4$ . 16
- 3. (a) A beam of symmetrical section has a depth of 450 mm and a moment of inertia of  $27,536 \times 10^4 \text{ mm}^4$  about its axis of bending. Find the maximum permissible span for this beam if simply supported at the ends. It has to carry a uniformly distributed load of 25 kN/m without exceeding a bending stress of 120 N/mm<sup>2</sup>.
  - (b) A cast iron beam 25 mm square in section and 600 mm long is freely supported at the ends. It fails with a central load of 2.5 kN. What load at the free end will break a cantilever for the same material 50 mm wide  $\times$  100 mm deep and 1500 mm long.[16]
- 4. A welded joint is provided to connect two tie bars 150 mm  $\times$  10mm as shown in figure 4. The working stress in the bar is  $120 \text{ MN/m}^2$ . Investigate the design. If the size of the fillet is 12mm. Take the working stress in the end fillet as 102.5  $MN/m^2$  and that in the diagonal fillet as 70  $MN/m^2$ . [16]

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[16]



- 5. (a) Derive an expression between shear force and bending moment with suitable assumptions.
  - (b) Draw the shear force & Bending moment diagrams for a cantilever subjected to the loads as shown in figure 5b. [8+8]



- 6. A thin cylinder of internal diameter 2.0 m contains a fluid at an internal pressure of  $3 \text{ N/mm}^2$ . Determine the minimum thickness required if:
  - (a) the longitudinal stress is not to exceed  $30 \text{ N/mm}^2$  and
  - (b) Circumferential stress is not to exceed  $40 \text{ N/mm}^2$ .
- 7. A cantilever of T-section (Flange: 120mm × 20mm; Web: 130 mm × 20mm) is 2.8 m long and the deflection at the free end is not to exceed 2mm, determine: The maximum value of W, Direction of neutral axis with respect to vertical axis. [16]
- 8. A shaft transmits 300 kW power at 120 r.p.m. The allowable shear stress is 70  $\rm N/mm^2.$  Determine:
  - (a) The necessary diameter of solid circular shaft
  - (b) The necessary diameter of hollow circular section, the inside diameter being 2/3 of the external diameter.
  - (c) Taking the density of material is 77 kN/m<sup>3</sup>, calculate the % saving in the material if hollow shaft is used. [16]