**R07** 

Set No. 2

### II B.Tech I Semester Examinations, MAY 2011 APPLIED CHEMISTRY AND BIOCHEMISTRY **Bio-Medical Engineering**

Time: 3 hours

Code No: 07A3BS06

Max Marks: 80

[8+4+4]

#### Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks \*\*\*\*

- 1. (a) Describe the preparation and engineering uses of PVC?
  - (b) Write a note on Vulcanization?
  - (c) Give the monomers of the following:
    - i. PVC
    - ii. Teflon
    - iii. Bakelite.
- 2. (a) What do you understand by partition coefficient? Describe the rate theory of chromatography.
  - (b) Write short notes on application of chromatography in separations. [8+8]
- 3. (a) What is the common chemical meaning of an acid & a base?
  - (b) Describe the importance of acid-base balance in human body.
  - (c) Explain the mechanism of acid-base balance in human body fluids. [4+4+8]
- (a) Explain the process of Enzyme linked immuno sorbent Assay (ELISA). 4.
  - (b) Explain the applications of Enzyme linked immuno sorbent Assay (ELISA). [8+8]
- (a) Give an example of galvanic cell? How does it differ from electrolytic cell? 5.
  - (b) A conductivity cell has two parallel electrodes of  $1.25 \text{ cm}^2$  and 1.05 cm apart. When filled with a solution of an electrolyte having a conon. of  $\frac{N}{20}$  at 25<sup>o</sup>C. The resistance was found to be 200 ohms. Calculate the equivalent conductance of the electrolyte.
  - (c) What is the significance of SALT BRIDGE in a galvanic cell? [4+8+4]
- 6. (a) Describe complexometric method of estimation of hardness?
  - (b) Express the following in calcium carbonate equivalent:
    - i. Calcium bicarbonate=10.5 ppm
    - ii. Magnesium bicarbonate=12,5 ppm
    - iii. Calcium sulphate=15ppm
    - iv. Calcium chloride = 16.4 ppm.
  - (c) Why lime treatment is followed by soda treatment in lime soda method?

[8+4+4]

### Code No: 07A3BS06

### $\mathbf{R07}$

## Set No. 2

- 7. Write a note on the transportation of the following in and out of the cell?
  - (a) Carbon Dioxide
  - (b) Sodium
  - (c) Enzymes
  - (d) Glucose.

- [16]
- 8. (a) Describe the limitations of a Spectrophotometer for the study of enzyme kinetics.
  - (b) What is a coenzyme? Describe different types of coenzymes. [10+6]

**R07** 

## Set No. 4

### II B.Tech I Semester Examinations, MAY 2011 APPLIED CHEMISTRY AND BIOCHEMISTRY **Bio-Medical Engineering**

Time: 3 hours

Code No: 07A3BS06

Max Marks: 80

#### Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks \*\*\*\*

- 1. (a) Give an example of galvanic cell? How does it differ from electrolytic cell?
  - (b) A conductivity cell has two parallel electrodes of  $1.25 \text{ cm}^2$  and 1.05 cm apart. When filled with a solution of an electrolyte having a conon. of  $\frac{N}{20}$  at 25<sup>0</sup>C. The resistance was found to be 200 ohms. Calculate the equivalent conductance of the electrolyte.
  - (c) What is the significance of SALT BRIDGE in a galvanic cell? [4+8+4]
- (a) Explain the process of Enzyme linked immuno sorbent Assay (ELISA). 2.
  - (b) Explain the applications of Enzyme linked immuno sorbent Assay (ELISA).

[8+8]

- 3. (a) Describe the preparation and engineering uses of PVC?
  - (b) Write a note on Vulcanization?
  - (c) Give the monomers of the following:
    - i. PVC ii. Teflon iii. Bakelite

[8+4+4]

[16]

- 4. Write a note on the transportation of the following in and out of the cell?
  - (a) Carbon Dioxide
  - (b) Sodium
  - (c) Enzymes
  - (d) Glucose.
- 5. (a) What is the common chemical meaning of an acid & a base?
  - (b) Describe the importance of acid-base balance in human body.
  - (c) Explain the mechanism of acid-base balance in human body fluids. [4+4+8]
- 6. (a) Describe the limitations of a Spectrophotometer for the study of enzyme kinetics.
  - (b) What is a coenzyme? Describe different types of coenzymes. [10+6]
- 7. (a) Describe complexometric method of estimation of hardness?
  - (b) Express the following in calcium carbonate equivalent:

### Code No: 07A3BS06

$$\mathbf{R07}$$

## Set No. 4

- i. Calcium bicarbonate=10.5 ppm
- ii. Magnesium bicarbonate=12,5 ppm
- iii. Calcium sulphate=15ppm
- iv. Calcium chloride= 16.4ppm.
- (c) Why lime treatment is followed by soda treatment in lime soda method?

[8+4+4]

- 8. (a) What do you understand by partition coefficient? Describe the rate theory of chromatography.
  - (b) Write short notes on application of chromatography in separations [8+8]

**R07** 

## Set No. 1

#### II B.Tech I Semester Examinations, MAY 2011 APPLIED CHEMISTRY AND BIOCHEMISTRY **Bio-Medical Engineering**

Time: 3 hours

Code No: 07A3BS06

Max Marks: 80

#### Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks \*\*\*\*

- 1. (a) Describe complexometric method of estimation of hardness?
  - (b) Express the following in calcium carbonate equivalent:
    - i. Calcium bicarbonate=10.5 ppm
    - ii. Magnesium bicarbonate=12,5 ppm
    - iii. Calcium sulphate=15ppm
    - iv. Calcium chloride= 16.4 ppm.
  - (c) Why lime treatment is followed by soda treatment in lime soda method?

[8+4+4]

[16]

- 2. (a) What do you understand by partition coefficient? Describe the rate theory of chromatography.
  - (b) Write short notes on application of chromatography in separations. [8+8]
- 3. Write a note on the transportation of the following in and out of the cell?
  - (a) Carbon Dioxide
  - (b) Sodium
  - (c) Enzymes
  - (d) Glucose.
- (a) Describe the limitations of a Spectrophotometer for the study of enzyme ki-4. netics.
  - (b) What is a coenzyme? Describe different types of coenzymes. [10+6]
- 5. (a) Give an example of galvanic cell? How does it differ from electrolytic cell?
  - (b) A conductivity cell has two parallel electrodes of  $1.25 \text{cm}^2$  and 1.05 cm apart. When filled with a solution of an electrolyte having a conon. of  $\frac{N}{20}$  at 25<sup>o</sup>C. The resistance was found to be 200 ohms. Calculate the equivalent conductance of the electrolyte.
  - (c) What is the significance of SALT BRIDGE in a galvanic cell? [4+8+4]
- 6. (a) What is the common chemical meaning of an acid & a base?
  - (b) Describe the importance of acid-base balance in human body.
  - (c) Explain the mechanism of acid-base balance in human body fluids. [4+4+8]
- 7. (a) Explain the process of Enzyme linked immuno sorbent Assay (ELISA).

#### www.firstranker.com

**R07** 

## Set No. 1

[8+4+4]

- (b) Explain the applications of Enzyme linked immuno sorbent Assay (ELISA). [8+8]
- 8. (a) Describe the preparation and engineering uses of PVC?
  - (b) Write a note on Vulcanization?
  - (c) Give the monomers of the following:
    - i. PVC

Code No: 07A3BS06

- ii. Teflon
- iii. Bakelite.

KRANKE

**R07** 

### Set No. 3

#### II B.Tech I Semester Examinations, MAY 2011 APPLIED CHEMISTRY AND BIOCHEMISTRY **Bio-Medical Engineering**

Time: 3 hours

Code No: 07A3BS06

Max Marks: 80

#### Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks \*\*\*\*

- 1. (a) Describe complexometric method of estimation of hardness?
  - (b) Express the following in calcium carbonate equivalent:
    - i. Calcium bicarbonate=10.5 ppm
    - ii. Magnesium bicarbonate=12,5 ppm
    - iii. Calcium sulphate=15ppm
    - iv. Calcium chloride= 16.4 ppm.
  - (c) Why lime treatment is followed by soda treatment in lime soda method?

|8+4+4|

- 2. (a) What do you understand by partition coefficient? Describe the rate theory of chromatography.
  - (b) Write short notes on application of chromatography in separations. [8+8]
- 3. (a) Describe the preparation and engineering uses of PVC?
  - (b) Write a note on Vulcanization?
  - (c) Give the monomers of the following:
    - PVC i.
    - ii. Teflon
    - iii. Bakelite.

- [8+4+4]
- 4. (a) Explain the process of Enzyme linked immuno sorbent Assay (ELISA).
  - (b) Explain the applications of Enzyme linked immuno sorbent Assay (ELISA). [8+8]

- 5. (a) What is the common chemical meaning of an acid & a base?
  - (b) Describe the importance of acid-base balance in human body.
  - (c) Explain the mechanism of acid-base balance in human body fluids. [4+4+8]
- 6. (a) Describe the limitations of a Spectrophotometer for the study of enzyme kinetics.
  - (b) What is a coenzyme? Describe different types of coenzymes. [10+6]
- 7. (a) Give an example of galvanic cell? How does it differ from electrolytic cell?

### Code No: 07A3BS06

### $\mathbf{R07}$

# Set No. 3

- (b) A conductivity cell has two parallel electrodes of  $1.25 \text{cm}^2$  and 1.05 cm apart. When filled with a solution of an electrolyte having a conon. of  $\frac{N}{20}$  at  $25^{\circ}$ C. The resistance was found to be 200 ohms. Calculate the equivalent conductance of the electrolyte.
- (c) What is the significance of SALT BRIDGE in a galvanic cell? [4+8+4]
- 8. Write a note on the transportation of the following in and out of the cell?
  - (a) Carbon Dioxide
  - (b) Sodium
  - (c) Enzymes
  - (d) Glucose.

ucose. [16]