R07

Set No. 2

IV B.Tech I Semester Examinations, MAY 2011 AIR POLLUTION AND CONTROL Civil Engineering

Time: 3 hours Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. (a) Discuss the effects of particulates on human health in particular.
 - (b) Describe the effects of air pollution on Taj Mahal.

[9+7]

- 2. (a) Write a short notes on various kinds of Air Quality Standards.
 - (b) Give the Indian Air Quality Standards (SPM, SO₂, NOx, CO) for Residential, Industrial and Sensitive areas. [8+8]
- 3. What are the various dry methods of control of SOx? Explain how do you control SOx by the following processes:
 - (a) Cat Ox

Code No: 07A70108

(b) Process use of metal oxides,

[16]

- 4. (a) Explain the major air pollutants generated due to power plants.
 - (b) Discuss the role of modern transportation in generating air pollutants.
 - (c) Discuss the role of water vapour and oxides of carbon generated naturally.

[6+6+4]

- 5. (a) Why do we see different dispersion patterns during night and day time in a valley?
 - (b) How does urban zoning help in reducing the effects of air pollution? [9+7]
- 6. (a) Discuss the effects of special pollutants like ammonia and Arsenic on Human health
 - (b) How lead and mercury pollutants are causing damage to the human body?
 - (c) Discuss the effects carbon monoxide on health. What are the remedial Measures for the same. [6+5+5]
- 7. The traffic density along a straight national highway is 4000 vehicles per hour and average speed is 60KMPH. The average vehicle emission rate of HCS is 40 mg/sec. Find the concentration at a point 300m downwind on an overcast day if wind is blowing perpendicular to the road at 5 m/sec speed. [16]
- 8. (a) Explain the factors to be considered while selecting the filter medium for bag houses.
 - (b) Calculate the collection efficiency for a gas flow rate of 8 m³/sec, particle density of 1500 kg/m³ and diameter of 10 μ m, if a multiple cyclone (64 cyclones each of diameter 24 cm) is used instead of a single large unit. [8+8]

www.firstranker.com

Code No: 07A70108

R07

Set No. 2

R07

Set No. 4

IV B.Tech I Semester Examinations, MAY 2011 AIR POLLUTION AND CONTROL

Civil Engineering

Time: 3 hours Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

1. (a) What do you mean by 'Pollution Roses'? Enlist the types.

(b) Discuss different types of environmental lapse rates.

[6+10]

2. Discuss the role of wind in air pollution dispersion.

[16]

- 3. (a) Write a short notes on Emission Standards.
 - (b) What are the Indian Standards for particulate matter emission in the case of Cement industry and Thermal Power Plants in:
 - i. Protected areas

ii. Other areas.

[6+10]

- 4. (a) How natural sources are responsible for creation of oxides of carbon.
 - (b) Give comparative picture of natural and artificial sources of air pollution.
 - (c) Discuss the natural and artificial production of oxides of sulphur.
- 5. (a) How LPG is produced? Explain the uses and formation of air pollutants.
 - (b) Discuss the role of natural gas its availability and eco-friendly nature in India.

[8+8]

- 6. (a) List the various procedures for controlling the emission of NOx.
 - (b) Explain, how do you control the emission of SOx bt the following process:
 - i. $c_u o / c_u so_4$ process
 - ii. ASARCO Process
 - iii. COMINO Process.

[4+12]

- 7. A thermal power plant burns 100 tonnes of coal with 5.5% sulphur content. Calculate the minimum stack height required. The particulate concentration in flue gases is 8000mg/m³ and the gas flow rate is 20m³/sec.
- 8. Design a parallel plate ESP with an efficiency of:
 - (a) 90%
 - (b) 99%
 - (c) 99.9% of removal of 0.75 mm sized fly ash from a cement industry with a gas flow rate of 10 m³/sec. The drift velocity $Vp = 2.5 \times 10^5$ dp m/sec.

R07

Set No. 1

[4+12]

IV B.Tech I Semester Examinations, MAY 2011 AIR POLLUTION AND CONTROL Civil Engineering

Time: 3 hours Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. (a) How incinerators are contributing to the air pollution.
 - (b) How zoning in city planning can be useful in abating air pollution.
 - (c) Explain the significance of Threshold Limit Value (TLV).
 - (d) Enlist and explain the toxic and hazardous air pollutants. [5+4+4+3]
- 2. Explain with a neat sketch the Principle, Construction and working of a settling chamber. How can its efficiency be improved? [16]
- 3. (a) What do you mean by Wind Rose diagram? Explain the same with a typical diagram.
 - (b) What is lapse rate? Discuss its relation with temperature variation. [10+6]
- 4. (a) Explain the thermodynamics of formation of Oxides of Nitrogen.
 - (b) Explain the role of Sulphur dioxide as a reducing and oxidizing agent. [8+8]
- 5. (a) Describe the effects of ozone holes on flora and fauna.
 - (b) Explain briefly the history of Ozone holes. [9+7]
- 6. (a) List the various procedures for controlling the emission of SOx.
 - (b) Explain, how do you control the emission of SOx by the following:
 - i. $c_u o / c_u so_4$ process
 - ii. ASARCO Process
 - iii. COMINO Process.
- 7. (a) Explain the effect of air pollutants on meteorology.
 - (b) Explain the Gaussion plume model. [8+8]
- 8. (a) Explain the environmental guidelines for industries.
 - (b) Write in detail the environmental input assersment. [8+8]

R07

Set No. 3

IV B.Tech I Semester Examinations, MAY 2011 AIR POLLUTION AND CONTROL Civil Engineering

Time: 3 hours Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. (a) Describe the ill effects of Acid rain on metals.
 - (b) Describe the ill effects of Acid rain on fertility and crop yield. [9+7]
- 2. (a) What are the merits and de-merits of cyclones?
 - (b) Find the length of a simple gravity collector required to remove 90% of 50 micron diameter particles of density 2 g/c.c. The bulk gas velocity is 0.5m/sec and the chamber is 3.5 m in height. Calculate the length if two trays are used for same efficiency. [6+10]
- 3. (a) Explain the term inversion and its types. Discuss the causes and effects of Inversion.
 - (b) Discuss causes and remedies for photochemical smog. [8+8]
- 4. (a) Describe the scenario of air pollutants generated in automobiles and Industrial processes.
 - (b) India's one of the most widely used fossil fuels is coal. How does it affect our environment from air pollution point of view.
 - (c) Discuss the properties of oxides of sulphur with reference to air pollution.

[6+7+3]

- 5. (a) Define Air Pollution Index. What are the parameters generally used for calculating Air Pollution Index?
 - (b) What are the Air quality standards adopted by the Environmental protection agency, U.S.A. [8+8]
- 6. (a) What is thermodynamics? Why it is relevant in the study of air pollution.
 - (b) Discuss the cause of CO production. [8+8]
- 7. A thermal power plant burns 5.45 tonnes with 4.2% sulphur per hour and discharges through a stack of effective height 75m. The average wind speed at top of stack is 6m/sec. The atmosphere is slightly to moderately stable. Find
 - (a) Maximum ground level concentration and the corresponding distance
 - (b) Ground level concentration at 3 km downward and 0.4 km cross wind distance. Note:

At 0.85 km distance,
$$\sigma_y = 88$$
, $\sigma_z = 53$
At 3 km distance, $\sigma_y = 280$, $\sigma_z = 170$. [16]

R07

Set No. 3

8. Explain stack gas emission standards for different industries.

[16]
