# II B.Tech I Semester Examinations,MAY 2011 ELECTRO MAGNETIC FIELDS Electrical And Electronics Engineering 

Time: 3 hours

## Answer any FIVE Questions

All Questions carry equal marks

1. (a) Show that the torque acting on a dipole of moment $\bar{p}$ due to an electric field $\bar{E}$ is $\bar{p} \times \bar{E}$.
(b) Compute the torque for a dipole consisting of $1 \mu \mathrm{c}$ charges in an electric field $\bar{E}=10^{3}\left(z \overline{a_{x}}-\overline{a_{y}}-\overline{a_{z}}\right)$ separated by 1 mm and located on the z-axis at the origin.
2. (a) State and explain Ampere's circuital law.
(b) A single-phase circuit comprises two parallel conductors A and B, each 1 cm diamter and spaced 2 m apart. The conductor earry current of +50 and 50 amps . respectively. Determine the field intensity at the surface of each conductor and also in space exactly midway between A and B. $\quad[7+8]$
3. (a) Explain scalar magnetio potential and give its limitations.
(b) Explain the importance of vector magnetic potential.
4. (a) A conducting cylinder of radius 7 cm and height 15 cm rotates at $600 \mathrm{rev} / \mathrm{min}$ in a radial field $\bar{B}=0.2 a_{r}$ Telsla .Sliding contacts at the top and bottom connenc to a voltmeter as shown in figure 1. Find the induced voltage.


Figure 1:
(b) Distinguish statically induced emf and dynamically induced emf.
5. (a) Derive the conditions at a boundary between two perfect dielectrics.
(b) Given $\bar{J}=10^{3} \sin \theta \bar{\partial}_{r} A / m^{2}$ spherical co-ordinates, find the current crossing the spherical shell of $\mathrm{r}=0.02 \mathrm{~m}$, where $\mathrm{r}=$ radius of shell.
6. (a) State and explain Gauss's law.
(b) Derive an expression for potential difference between two concentric spheres of radii ' $a$ ' and ' $b$ ' ( $b>a$ ), if the outer sphere of the inner sphere is charged with $\mathrm{Q}_{c}$. Apply Gauss's law.
$[7+8]$
7. Obtain an expression for magnetic field intensity on the axis of a circular loop of radius ' $R$ ' carrying a current of I amps. Also get the value at centre of the current loop.
8. Filamentary currents of $-25 \bar{a}_{z}$ and $25 \bar{a}_{z}$ amperes are located in the $\mathrm{x}=0$ plane in free space at $\mathrm{y}=-1$ and $\mathrm{y}=1 \mathrm{~m}$ respectively. a third filamentary current of $10^{-3} \bar{a}_{x}$ amperes is located at $\mathrm{x}=\mathrm{k}, \mathrm{y}=0$. Find the vector force on a length of 1 mA filament?

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1. Derive an expression for $\bar{H}$ due to infinite sheet of current.
2. (a) Derive expression for inductance of a toroid.
(b) A toroid 600 turns wound on a core of circular cross-section $6 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, a mean diameter of 38 cm . The core material has permeability 1000. Calculate the inductance of the coil.
$[7+8]$
3. (a) Distinguish between conductors and dielectrics.
(b) A $2 \mu F$ capacitor is charged by connecting across a 100 V d.c supply. It is now disconnected and then it is connected across another $2 \mu F$ capacitor. Assuming no leakage, determine the potential difference between the plates of each capacitor and energy stored.
4. A conductor 15 m long lies along Z -direction with a current of 6 A in $\bar{a}_{z}$ direction. Find the force experience by the condenctor if $\bar{B}=0.09 \bar{a}_{x}$.
5. (a) What is a dipole? Derive expression for Torque experienced by a dipole in uniform electric field.
(b) Verify that the potential field given below satisfies the Laplace's equation. $V=4 x^{2}-6 y^{2}+2 z^{2}$.
6. Given $\bar{D}=5 x^{2} \bar{\partial}_{x}+10 z \bar{\partial}_{z}\left(c / m^{2}\right)$, find the net outward flux crossing the surface of a cube 2 m on an edge centred at the origin and the edges of the cube are paralled to the axes.
7. (a) A circular loop conductor shown in the figure 2 lies in the $\mathrm{z}=0$ plane, has a radius of 0.1 m and a resistance of $5 \Omega$. Give $\bar{B}=0.2 \sin 10^{3} \mathrm{t} \bar{a}_{z}(\mathrm{~T})$. Determine the current.
(b) An area of $0.65 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ in the $\mathrm{z}=0$ plane is enclosed by a filamentry conductor. Find the induced voltage given that $\bar{B}=0.05 \cos 10^{3} \mathrm{t} \frac{\bar{a}_{y}+\bar{a}_{z}}{V_{2}}(\mathrm{~T})$.
8. A conductor is bent in the form of a regular polygon of ' $n$ ' sides inscribed in a circle of radius ' $r$ '. Show that the expression for magnetic flux density $\bar{B}$ at the centre for a current of I amp is $\bar{B}=\frac{\mu_{0} N I}{2 \pi r} \tan \frac{\pi}{n}$.


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Max Marks:
75
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1. (a) Derive an expression for magnetic field intensity due to a current carryiing wire of infinite lenght, at a radial distance ' $R$ ' $m$.
(b) Calculate the magnetic field intensity $\bar{H}$
i. At the centre of coil of 4 turns and 10 cm in dianmeter.
ii. In the interior of the solenoid of length 50 cm uniformly wound with 500 turns. The current in each turn is 2.5 A. $[7+8]$
2. (a) Define electric field intensity.
(b) Figure 3 shows two charges at points A and B in free space. Find the electric field at point $P$ due to there charges?
3. (a) Obtain the conditions at a boundary between two dielectrics.
(b) At boundary between glass $\left(\varepsilon_{r}=4\right)$ and air, the lines of electric field make an angle of $40^{\circ}$ with normal to the boundary. If electric flux density in the air is $0.25 \mu \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$, determine the orientation and magnitude of electric flux density in the glass.
[8+7]


Figure 3:
4. (a) Define statically induced emf and dynamically inducedemf.
(b) A rectangular loop shown in the figure 4 moves towards the origin at a velocity $\mathrm{V}=-250 \bar{a}_{y} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ in a field $\bar{B}=0.8 \mathrm{e}^{-0.5 y} \bar{a}_{z}$ Telsa. Find the current at the intent the coil sides are at $\mathrm{y}=0.5 \mathrm{~m}$ and 0.6 m if $\mathrm{R}=2.5 \Omega$.


Figure 4:
5. (a) Calculate the inductance of a solenoid 8 cm in length, 2 cm in radius having $\mu_{r}=100$ and carrying 800 turns of wire.
(b) Calculate the inductance of a toroid formed by surface $\rho=3 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\rho=5 \mathrm{~cm}$, $\mathrm{z}=0$ and $\mathrm{z}=1.5 \mathrm{~cm}$ wrapped with 5000 turns of wire and filled with a magnetic material with $\mu_{r}=6$.
$[7+8]$
6. A conductor of lenght 4 m , carrying a current of 10 A in the $\bar{a}_{y}$ direction lies along the y - axis between $y= \pm 2$. If the field is $\bar{B}=0.05 \bar{a}_{x} \mathrm{~T}$, find the work done in
moving the conductor parallel to itself at constant speed, to $x=y=2 m$. Derive the formula used.
7. Solve Laplace's equation for the potential field in the homogeneous region between two concentric conducting spheres with radii $a$ and $b, b>a$, if $V=0$ at $r=b$, and $\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{V}_{0}$ at $\mathrm{r}=\mathrm{a}$. Find the capacitance between them.
8. (a) A circular loop located on $x^{2}+y^{2}=9$ carries a current of 12 A . Determine $H$ at $(0,0,6)$ and ( $0,0,-6)$. Take the direction of current in anti-clockwise direction.
(b) Using ampere's circuital law, find $\bar{H}$ and $\bar{B}$ inside a long straight non mangentic conductor of ' $y$ ' radius 8 mm carrying a current density of $50 \mathrm{KA} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$. _IRSTAN

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1. (a) Show that the electric field intensity is negative gradient of potential.
(b) The absolute potential (electric) for some region is assumed to be $\phi=\frac{3000}{x}+\frac{2000}{x^{2}}+\frac{1000}{x^{3}}$ for all values of $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}, \mathrm{z}$ where $\phi$ is in volts and x is in meters. What is the electric field intensity at $\mathrm{x}=1 \mathrm{~m}$ ?
2. (a) Moist rod has conductivity $10^{-3} \mathrm{mho} / \mathrm{m}$ and $\mathrm{e}_{r}=2.5$. Find $\bar{J}_{C}$ and $\bar{J}_{D}$ where $E=6 \times 10^{-6} \sin 9 \times 10^{9} t(v / m)$.
(b) Explain what is meant by displacement current deduce equation of continuity of current $\operatorname{div}\left(\bar{J}+\frac{\delta \bar{D}}{\delta t}\right)=0$.
3. (a) Derive lorentz force equation.
(b) A negative point charge $Q=-40 \mathrm{nc}$ is moving with a velocity of $6 \times 10^{6} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ in a direction specified by the unit vector $\bar{a}=-0.48 \bar{a}_{x}-0.6 \bar{a}_{y}+0.64 \bar{a}_{z}$. Find the magnetic vector force extarted on the moving particle by the fuild
i. $\bar{B}=2 \bar{a}_{x}-3 \bar{a}_{y}+5 \bar{a}_{z} \mathrm{mwb} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$
ii. $\bar{E}=2 \bar{a}_{x}-3 \bar{a}_{y}+5 \bar{a}_{z} \mathrm{KV} / \mathrm{m}$.
4. (a) Derive expression for torque on an electric dipole in an electric field.
(b) Point charges of $+3 \mu \mathrm{c}$ and $-3 \mu \mathrm{c}$ are located at $(0,0,1) \mathrm{mm}$ and $(0,0,-1) \mathrm{mm}$ respectively in free space.
i. Find dipole moment $\bar{p}$ ?
ii. Find $\bar{E}$ in Spherical components at $\mathrm{P}\left(\mathrm{r}=2, \theta=40^{0}, \phi=50^{0}\right)$ ? $\quad[7+8]$
5. A toroid has the dimensions $15 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~m}$ mean radius and $2 \times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~m}$ radius of cross section and $3 \times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~m}$ radius of circular cross- section and is wound with 100 turns of wire. The toroid material is iron with an effective relative permeability of 1400 when the current is 0.7 amp . Calculate the total flux
(a) With no air-gap
(b) With an air-gap of $10^{-3} \mathrm{~m}$.
6. (a) Find an expression for the flux density at any point ' P ' on the axis of a finite solenoid when carrying a steady current of I amps.
(b) What is the flux density at the centre of square loop of 10 turns carrying a current of 10 amperes. The loop is in air and as 2 meter on each side.
7. (a) Derive the integral form of continuity equation and also write its meaning.
(b) Two parallel conducting plates 3 cm apart and situated in air are connected to a source of constant potential difference of 72 KV . Find the electric field intensity between the plates. Is it with in permissible value? If a mica sheet of $\varepsilon_{r}=4$ of thickness 1 cm is introduced between the plates, determine the field intensities in air and mica. Given the dielectric strenghts of air and mica as 30 and $1000 \mathrm{kv} / \mathrm{cm}$ respectively.
[7+8]
8. A circular loop located on $x^{2}+y^{2}-9, z=0$ carries a current of 10 A . Determine H at $(0,0,5)$ and $(0,0,-5)$. Taken the direction of current in anti-clockwise direction.
[15]
