

Code No: V3218

R07

Set No: 1

III B.Tech. II Semester Supplementary Examinations, April/May -2013

DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING(Common to Electrical and Electronics Engineering, Electronics and Communication Engineering,
Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering, Instrumentation and Control Engineering)**Time: 3 Hours****Max Marks: 80**Answer any FIVE Questions
All Questions carry equal marks

- (a) Check whether the following systems are linear, causal and time variant
(i) $y(n)=x(n)x(n-2)$ (ii) $y(n)=a^n u(n)$ (iii) $y(t)=at^2 x(t)+bt x(t-4)$
(b) Find the magnitude and phase response for the system characterized by the difference equation $y(n) = \frac{1}{6}x(n) + \frac{1}{3}x(n-1) + \frac{1}{6}x(n-2)$ [9+7]
- (a) Expand the following function over the interval $(-4,4)$ by a complex Fourier series
$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & -2 \leq t \leq 2 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(b) Perform the circular convolution of the following sequences using DFT and IDFT:
 $x_1(n)=[1 \ 2 \ 1 \ 2]$ and $x_2(n)=[4 \ 3 \ 2 \ 1]$ [8+8]
- (a) Write the procedure to compute IDFT using radix-2 FFT.
(b) Compute the DFT of the following sequence by DIT-FFT
 $x(n) = [1 \ -1 \ 1 \ -1 \ -1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1]$ [8+8]
- (a) Find the inverse z-transform of the following function:
$$X(z) = \frac{1}{1-15z^{-1}+0.5z^{-2}} \quad \text{ROC: } |z| > 1$$

(b) An LTI system is described by the difference equation
$$y(n) = -\frac{3}{8}y(n-1) - \frac{3}{32}y(n-2) + \frac{1}{64}y(n-3) + x(n) - 3x(n-1) + 2x(n-2)$$

Realize it in direct form-II and Cascade form structures. [8+8]
- Design a Chebyshev IIR digital low-pass filter to satisfy the constraints using bilinear transformation.
$$\begin{array}{ll} 0.9 < |H(w)| < 1.0 & 0 < w < 0.3\pi \\ |H(w)| < 0.15 & 0.5\pi < w < \pi \end{array}$$
 [16]
- Design a high-pass filter using Hamming window, with a cutoff frequency of 1.2 rad/sec and $N=9$. [16]

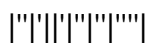
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7. Consider the signal $x(n)=a^n u(n)$, $|a|<1$.
- (i) Determine the spectrum of the signal
 - (ii) The signal is applied to an interpolator that increases sampling rate by a factor of 2. Determine its output spectrum.
 - (iii) Show that the spectrum in part(ii) is simply Fourier transform of $x(n/2)$. [4+8+4]
8. (a) Explain the concept of pipelining in DSP processors.
- (b) What are the advantages of DSP Processors over conventional processors?
- (c) What is role of a central arithmetic logic unit in a DSP processor? Explain [5+5+6]

FirstRanker



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- (a) Check whether the following systems are linear, causal and time variant
(i) $y(n) = \log_{10}|x(n)|$ (ii) $y(t) = x(t/2)$ (iii) $y(t) = x(t) + t x(t-1)$
(b) Find the magnitude and frequency response for the system characterized by the difference equation $y(n) - y(n-1) + \frac{3}{16}y(n-2) = x(n) - \frac{1}{3}x(n-1) + \frac{1}{6}x(n-2)$ [9+7]
- (a) obtain the trigonometric Fourier Series for the following function

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & -T/2 < t < -T/4 \\ A & -T/4 < t < T/4 \\ 0 & T/4 < t < T/2 \end{cases}$$

(b) Find the DFT of the discrete time sequence $x(n) = [1 \ 1 \ 2 \ 2 \ 3 \ 3]$ and determine the corresponding amplitude and phase spectrum. [8+8]
- (a) Compare DIT and DIF FFT algorithms.
(b) Compute the DFT of the following sequence by DIT-FFT
 $x(n) = [1 \ -2 \ 1 \ -1 \ 2 \ 1 \ -2 \ 1]$ [8+8]
- (a) Find the inverse z-transform of the following function:
$$X(z) = \frac{1 - (1/4)z^{-1}}{1 - (5/6)z^{-1} + (1/6)z^{-2}} \quad \text{ROC: } |z| > 1/2$$

(b) An LTI system is described by the difference equation
$$y(n) = \frac{1}{6}y(n-1) - \frac{1}{6}y(n-2) + x(n) - \frac{1}{6}x(n-1) + 3x(n-2)$$

Realize it in direct form-II and Parallel form structures. [8+8]
- Design a Chebyshev IIR digital low-pass filter to satisfy the constraints using bilinear transformation and assuming $T=1s$.
$$\begin{aligned} 0.707 < |H(w)| < 1 & \quad 0 < w < 0.2\pi \\ |H(w)| < 0.1 & \quad 0.5\pi < w < \pi \end{aligned}$$
 [16]
- Design a Band-pass filter to pass frequencies in the range 1 to 2 rad/sec using Hanning window with $N=5$. [16]

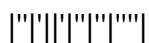
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7. Consider the signal $x(n)=nu(n)$.
- (i) Determine the spectrum of the signal
 - (ii) The signal is applied to decimator that reduces the sampling rate by a factor of 3. Determine the output spectrum.
 - (iii) Show that the spectrum in part(ii) is simply Fourier transform of $x(3n)$. [4+8+4]
8. (a) Draw the block diagram of TMS320C50 digital signal processor and explain the functionality of CALU and PLU.
- (b) What is the function of Indexed Register and Auxilary Register? [9+7]
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FirstRanker



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1. (a) Check whether the following systems are linear, causal and time variant

(i) $y(n) = n^2 x(2n)$ (ii) $y(n) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{n+2} x(k)$ (iii) $y(t) = x^2(t) + x(t-3)$

- (b) Find the magnitude and frequency response for the system characterized by the difference equation
- $y(n] + y(n-1) = x(n) - x(n-1)$
- [9+7]

2. (a) Find the trigonometric Fourier series of the waveform shown in fig.2(a)

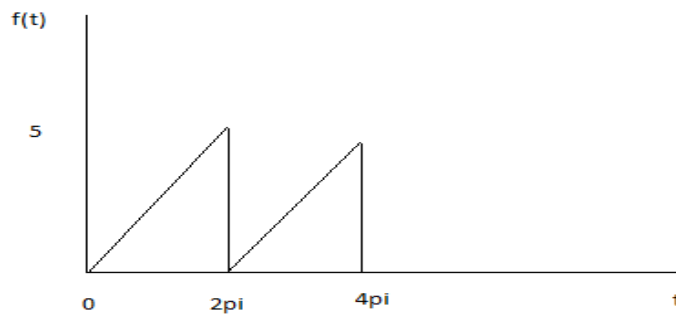


Fig.2(a)

- (b) If the DFT
- $[x(n)] = X(K) = [2 -j3 \ 0 \ j3]$
- using properties of DFT find the following
-
- (i) DFT of
- $x^2(n)$
- (ii) DFT of
- $x^*(n)$
- [9+7]

3. (a) Draw the butterfly diagram for 8-point DIF-FFT algorithm and explain it.

- (b) Compute the IDFT of the following sequence by DIT-FFT

$X(K) = [1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1]$ [8+8]

4. (a) Find the Z-transform of the following function:
- $x(n) = n(1/2)^n u(n)$

- (b) An LTI system is described by the difference equation

$$y(n) = \frac{13}{12} y(n-1) - \frac{9}{24} y(n-2) + \frac{1}{24} y(n-3) + x(n) - 4x(n-1) + 3x(n-2)$$

Realize it in direct form-I and Parallel form structures. [8+8]

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5. A digital low-pass filter is required to meet the following specifications. Pass band attenuation $<1\text{dB}$; Pass band edge = 4KHz ; Stop band attenuation $>40\text{dB}$; Stop band edge = 8KHz ; Sampling rate = 24KHz . The filter is to be designed by performing the bilinear transformation on an analog system function . Design the Butterworth filter. [16]
6. Design a band –stop filter to reject frequencies in the range 1 to 2 rad/sec using rectangular window with $N=7$. [16]
7. Compare the single-stage, two-stage, three-stage and multistage realization of the decimator with the following specification: Sampling rate of a signal has to be reduced from 10kHz to 500Hz . The decimation filter $H(z)$ has the pass band edge (F_p) to be 150Hz , stop band edge (F_s) to be 180Hz , pass band ripple (δ_p) to be 0.002 and stop band ripple (δ_s) to be 0.001 . [16]
8. (a) Discuss the various interrupt types supported by TMS320C5X processor.
(b) What are the advantages of CISC and RISC Processor? [10+6]



