

Code: 9A12803

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B. Tech IV Year II Semester (R09) Regular Examinations, March/April 2013

DEVICE DRIVER DEVELOPMENT

(Information technology)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Answer any FIVE questions
All questions carry equal marks

- 1 (a) Describe the role of a device driver.
(b) Explain the difference between print f () and print k () with example routines.
- 2 (a) Explain how read and write operations are carried out on a scull device.
(b) Write a short note on various types of scull devices with their merits and demerits.
- 3 (a) Explain the two techniques for querying the system.
(b) How does a system call works? Explain with an example.
- 4 (a) Explain how to convert a linear address into physical address in the architecture independent memory model.
(b) Differentiate between the following terms:
 malloc (), vmalloc (), kmalloc ()
- 5 (a) Explain how concurrency is achieved using semaphores and mutexes.
(b) Write a short note on atomic variables.
- 6 (a) What is a jiffy counter? How jiffies are used to measure time lapses?
(b) Discuss various techniques for delaying an operation for a specified amount of time.
- 7 (a) Describe the functions for enabling and disabling interrupts into the Linux kernel.
(b) What are the problems with interrupt handling? How they are resolved with top and bottom halves.
- 8 (a) Explain briefly about standard data types and interface specific data types in kernel.
(b) Discuss about poll () and select () operations.

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- 1 (a) Explain how to build and link a module to the kernel with an illustrative example code.
(b) Discuss briefly about various classes of devices and modules.
- 2 (a) What are major numbers and minor numbers? How to allocate a major number?
(b) Write and explain various fields in FILE data structure used in device drivers.
- 3 (a) Describe the main algorithms for process management in kernel.
(b) What are oops messages? How they are used in debugging system faults?
- 4 (a) Explain the necessary data types, macros and functions related to page table and page directory for the kernel.
(b) Write a short note on brk () and vmalloc () system calls.
- 5 (a) Explain how semaphores are implemented in Linux and they can be used to avoid race conditions.
(b) What are spin locks? Explain various functions for declaring and initializing a spinlock in Linux.
- 6 (a) Explain various functions related to declare, register and remove kernel timers.
(b) Write down the similarities and dissimilarities between task lets and work queues.
- 7 (a) Describe the interrupt driven I/O data transfer mechanism with an example.
(b) Explain various functions available for using I/O ports.
- 8 (a) Explain the ioctl () function and * ioCH () driver method with clear syntax.
(b) Draw the internal representation of wait queue data structure and explain how it is used by kernel processes.

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- 1 (a) Explain the differences between user application programs and kernel modules.
(b) Discuss the following terms:
 - (i) insmod
 - (ii) lsmod
 - (iii) rmmod
- 2 (a) Write the procedure for registering and unregistering a char device into and from the module.
(b) Explain the vector versions of read and write operations with clear syntax and example.
- 3 (a) Describe briefly about various debugging techniques.
(b) What is a schedule? Explain briefly about schedule () function.
- 4 (a) Explain various system calls related to allocation and release of dynamic memory in the kernel segment.
(b) Write a short note on block buffering.
- 5 (a) Explain various functions to initialize and declare reader/writer semaphores in Linux kernel.
(b) List and explain the purpose of various spin lock functions.
- 6 (a) Describe various functions that serve for long delays and short delays.
(b) Explain various functions in initializing and declaring a task let.
- 7 (a) How shared interrupts are installed and handled in Linux kernel?
(b) List and explain various directly mapped memory related functions.
- 8 (a) Explain the linked list data structure, its representation and usage in the kernel.
(b) Discuss briefly about lseek () and llseek () system calls.

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Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Answer any FIVE questions

All questions carry equal marks

- 1 (a) What is a device driver? State and explain the reasons for splitting the kernel's role into various tasks.
(b) Discuss various security issues associated with device drivers.
- 2 (a) What are the advantages of the device file system?
(b) List and explain various operations of struct file-operations with clear syntax and usage.
- 3 (a) Describe some important data structures of Linux kernel and also specify how they interact with the resources of kernel.
(b) Differentiate between gdb and kgdb commands.
- 4 (a) Give the clear syntax of --get-free-pages () function and also explain how it is used to reserve a page of memory in Linux.
(b) Explain the paging memory management technique under Linux.
- 5 (a) What are reader/writer spinlocks? Write the similarities between reader/writer spinlocks and reader/writer semaphores.
(b) Differentiate between fine-grained locking and coarse-grained locking.
(c) Explain briefly about lock-free algorithms.
- 6 Describe how timing issues are addressed in Linux kernel.
- 7 (a) Explain various functions used to install an interrupt handle into the Linux kernel.
(b) Give the syntax of ioremap () and iounmap () functions. Explain them briefly.
- 8 Describe the following system calls:
 - (a) ioctl ()
 - (b) fcntl ()
 - (c) select ()
 - (d) poll ()
 - (e) lseek ()
