

Code No: R22043

R10**SET - 1**

II B. Tech II Semester, Supplementary Examinations, Dec – 2012
ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT ANALYSIS
 (Com. to ECE, EIE)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

Answer any **FIVE** Questions
 All Questions carry **Equal** Marks

- ~~~~~
1. a) Derive the equations for voltage gain, current gain, input impedance and output admittance for a BJT-CC amplifier using low frequency h-parameter model.
 b) Draw the small signal equivalent circuit of FET-CS amplifier and derive the expression for voltage gain. (8M+7M)
 2. a) Calculate the Voltage gain, Input Impedance and Output Impedance of a Voltage Series Feedback amplifier having an Open-loop gain $A=300$, $R_i=1.5K\Omega$, $R_o=50K\Omega$ and $\beta= -1/20$.
 b) Explain the general characteristics of negative feedback amplifiers. (7M+8M)
 3. a) Perform the generalized analysis of LC oscillators with suitable block diagram and obtain the circuit diagrams of Hartley and Colpitts oscillators.
 b) The ac equivalent circuit of a Crystal has the Values: $L=3$ H, $C_S=0.005pF$, $R= 2K\Omega$ and $C_m=10$ pF. Determine the series and parallel resonant frequencies of the Crystal. (8M+7M)
 4. a) Perform the analysis of two stage RC Coupled JFET-CS Amplifier circuit.
 b) Draw the circuit diagram for differential amplifier and perform the analysis with its equivalent circuit. (8M+7M)
 5. a) Discuss about Hybrid- π capacitances. How do Hybrid- π parameters vary with temperature?
 b) Following measurements of a certain transistor are available at room temperature and with $I_C = 5$ mA, $h_{fe} = 100$, $h_{ie} = 0.62$ K Ω . Short circuit current gain = $A_{IS} = 10$ at 10MHz. $C_{b'c} = 3$ pF. Calculate f_T and f_{β} . (8M+7M)
 6. a) Ideal class-B transformer-coupled audio amplifier is fed from 20V DC. Transformer ratio is $\frac{N_p}{N_s} = 4$. A 4 ohm speaker is connected to load. Calculate:
 i) Maximum signal power delivered to load. ii) Power dissipation rating to each transistor.
 iii) Maximum excitation current at input if transfer characteristic is linear ($h_{fe} = 20$).
 b) Show that class B push pull amplifiers exhibit half wave symmetry. (7M+8M)
 7. a) Derive the expression for the gain of a single-tuned capacitance coupled amplifier. Discuss about its Selectivity.
 b) Draw and explain the circuit diagram for single tuned capacitive coupled amplifier and derive the expression for (A/A_{reso}) . (8M+7M)
 8. a) Draw the circuit and explain how short circuit over load protection is provided in Voltage Regulators circuits.
 b) Design a zener-shunt regulator with the specifications using a zener diode with $V_Z = 10V$. Input supply voltage varies from 15V to 25V and the load current varies between 0 and 15 mA. Also determine the line and load regulation. (8M+7M)

Code No: R22043

R10**SET - 2**

II B. Tech II Semester, Supplementary Examinations, Dec – 2012
ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT ANALYSIS
 (Com. to ECE, EIE)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

Answer any **FIVE** Questions
 All Questions carry **Equal** Marks

- ~~~~~
- Perform the generalized analysis of single stage BJT-CE amplifier using h-parameter model.
 - Draw the Small Signal model of JFET-CS amplifier and derive the expressions for the voltage gain, the output impedance and the input impedance. (8M+7M)
 - What are the different types of negative feedback? Explain how the input and output impedances of an amplifier are affected by the different types of negative feedback.
 - The open loop voltage gain of the amplifier of an amplifier is 50. Its input impedance is $1\text{k}\Omega$. What will be the input impedance where a negative feedback of 10% is applied to the amplifier? (10M+5M)
 - Draw the circuit of Hartley oscillator and explain its working. Derive the expressions for frequency of oscillation and condition for starting of oscillation.
 - Draw the equivalent circuit of a quartz crystal. What makes the quartz produce stable oscillations? (10M+5M)
 - Draw the circuit diagram of cascode-transistor amplifier Circuit and analyze its performance.
 - Draw and explain the working of two-stage BJT-RC Coupled amplifier. Derive the expression for its voltage gain. (7M+8M)
 - Explain the concept of CE short circuit current gain with its equivalent circuit. Derive the necessary expressions.
 - The following low-frequency parameters are available for a transistor at

$I_{CQ} = 5\text{ mA}$		
$h_{ie} = 1\text{K}$,	$h_{fe} = 100$	$h_{oe} = 4 \times 10^{-5}\text{ A/V}$
$h_{re} = 10^{-4}$	$C_{ob} = 2\text{ pF}$	$f_T = 10\text{ MHz}$

 Compute the values of hybrid- π parameters at room temperature. (8M+7M)

Code No: R22043

R10**SET - 2**

6. a) Derive the expression for maximum value of conversion efficiency of Class A Power amplifier.
- b) A power transistor is to be used as a class A transformer coupled amplifier and is to deliver a maximum of 5W to a 4 ohm load. Operating point is adjusted for symmetrical clipping with collector supply voltage of 20V. Assume ideal characteristics with $V_{\min} = 0V$. Calculate
- (i) Transformer turns ratio (ii) Peak collector current
 - (iii) Operating point values of I_{CQ} and V_{CEQ} (iv) Power dissipation rating of transistor
 - (v) Collector circuit efficiency (7M+8M)
7. a) Draw the circuit diagram of a double-tuned amplifier and explain its working and derive the expression for $I_2 \text{ max}$.
- b) A parallel resonant circuit comprises of an inductor (having inductance of 1mH and resistance of 10Ω) and a parallel capacitor of 100 pF. Calculate: (i) Resonant frequency, ignoring the resistance (ii) Resonant frequency, considering the resistance (iii) Q-factor. (iv) Impedance at resonant frequency. (8M+7M)
8. a) Define the terms i) Load Regulation ii) Line Regulation iii) Ripple Rejection and iv) Temperature Stability pertaining to Voltage Regulators.
- b) A shunt regulator utilizes a Zener diode whose voltage is 5.1 V at 50 mA and whose $r_z = 7\Omega$. The diode is fed from a 15V DC supply through a 200 Ω resistor. What is the output voltage at no load? Find the line and load regulations. (8M+7M)

Code No: R22043

R10**SET - 3**

II B. Tech II Semester, Supplementary Examinations, Dec – 2012
ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT ANALYSIS
 (Com. to ECE, EIE)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

Answer any **FIVE** Questions
 All Questions carry **Equal** Marks

- ~~~~~
- Draw the small signal model of FET for low frequency region and compare with the relevant BJT model and explain.
 - Derive the equations for voltage gain, current gain, input impedance and output impedance for a BJT-CB amplifier using approximate h-parameter model. (7M+8M)
 - Explain the concept of feedback and present the feedback topologies.
 - A single stage CE amplifier has a Voltage gain of 600 without feedback. When feedback is employed, its gain reduces to 50. Calculate the percentage of the output which is fed back to the input. (8M+7M)
 - Explain the working of Wien Bridge Oscillator using BJT. Also derive the expression for the frequency of Oscillation.
 - Design a RC phase-shift oscillator, which has the following specifications: $h_{fe}=200$, $I_E=1.5\text{mA}$, $S=8$, $V_{CC}=12\text{V}$ and oscillation frequency expected is 500Hz. (8M+7M)
 - Draw the circuit for Darlington pair amplifier and derive the expressions for A_i , A_v , R_i and R_o .
 - Design a two-stage CE-CE amplifier for the given data. $h_{fe1}=h_{fe2}=180$, $R_L=1\text{K}\Omega$, $I_{E1}=I_{E2}=1\text{mA}$, $S=3$, $V_{CC}=12\text{V}$, $f=100\text{Hz}$. Assume identical transistors. (8M+7M)
 - Derive the expressions for resistive parameters of Hybrid- π model in terms of low frequency h-parameters.
 - Following measurements of a certain transistor are available at room temperature and with $I_c = 5 \text{ mA}$, $V_{CE}=10\text{V}$, $h_{fe} = 100$, $h_{ie} = 600\Omega$. $[A_{ie}] = 10$ at 10MHz. $C_c = 3\text{pF}$. Calculate f_β , f_T , C_e , $r_b'e$ and $r_{bb'}$. (8M+7M)
 - Write short notes on Heat Sinks used in power amplifiers and also give the classification.
 - Explain Class D and Class S power amplifiers. Mention their salient features and applications. (7M+8M)
 - Draw the circuit diagram of a double-tuned amplifier and explain different stages of simplification of its equivalent circuit.
 - A circuit is resonant at 455 kHz and has a 10 kHz bandwidth. The inductive reactance is 1255Ω . What is the parallel impedance of the circuit at resonance? (8M+7M)
 - Define different performance parameters of a voltage regulator and explain their importance.
 - A series regulator has stability factor of 6×10^{-3} and output resistance of 10^{-4} ohms. Calculate the change in output voltage when
 - Unregulated input d.c voltage varies by 10V. ii) Load current varies by 250mA. (8M+7M)

Code No: R22043

R10**SET - 4**

II B. Tech II Semester, Supplementary Examinations, Dec – 2012
ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT ANALYSIS
 (Com. to ECE, EIE)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

Answer any **FIVE** Questions
 All Questions carry **Equal** Marks

- ~~~~~
- Draw the Small Signal model of Common-Drain JFET amplifier and derive the expressions for the voltage gain, the output impedance and the input impedance.
 - Consider a single stage CE amplifier with $R_s = 1K\Omega$, $R_e = 50 K\Omega$, $R_2 = 2K\Omega$, $R_c = 1K$, $R_L = 1.2K\Omega$, $h_{fe} = 50$, $h_{oe} = h_{re} = 0$, $h_{ie} = 1.1K\Omega$. Determine A_i , R_o , A_v and power gain using exact method of Analysis. (8M+7M)
 - Enumerate the effects of negative feedback on the various characteristics of the amplifier.
 - The open loop gain of an amplifier is 50Db. A negative feedback of feedback factor 0.004 is applied to it. If the open loop gain is thereby reduced by 10% find the change in the overall gain. (10M+5M)
 - Derive the expression for the frequency of oscillation and the minimum gain required for sustained oscillations of the RC phase shift oscillator using BJT.
 - A crystal has the following parameters:
 $L=0.33 H$, $C_s=0.0655 pF$, $C_p=1.0pF$ and $R=5.5K\Omega$.
 Find the series resonant frequency and Q-factor of the crystal. (10M+5M)
 - Perform the Analysis of Boot-Strapped Emitter follower Circuit.
 - Three identical non-interacting amplifier stages are cascaded with an overall gain of 0.3dB down at 50 kHz compared to midband. Calculate the upper cutoff frequency of the individual stages. (8M+7M)
 - Draw the equivalent circuit of hybrid- π model and derive the expressions for Hybrid- π impedances in terms of low frequency h-parameters.
 - The following low-frequency parameters are available for a transistor at $I_C = 10 mA$, $V_{CE} = 10V$ and at room temperature
 $h_{ie} = 500\Omega$ $h_{fe} = 100$ $h_{oe} = 10^{-5} A/V$ $h_{re} = 10^{-4}$
 At the same Operating point, $f_T = 50 MHz$ and $C_{ob} = 3 pF$ Compute the values of all the hybrid- π parameters. (8M+7M)
 - Draw the circuit diagram of class-B push pull amplifier and explain the operation.
 - Deduce the expression which gives the relationship between maximum collector dissipation and maximum power output of class-B push pull amplifier. (8M+7M)
 - Draw the circuit diagram of double-tuned amplifier and simplify the same with its equivalent circuit.
 - Write notes on quality factor and bandwidth of parallel tuned circuit. (8M+7M)
 - Draw and explain the circuit diagram of series type voltage regulator and present its characteristics.
 - Design a voltage regulator circuit to give output voltage adjustable from 10 to 15 volts. Maximum output current is 100mA and input voltage is 20volts. (8M+7M)