Set No.1

Max. Marks: 80

IV B.Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, February/March, 2011 FINITE ELEMENT METHODS IN CIVIL ENGINEERING (Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Code No. M0122 /R07

(**••••••**)

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. What are the various steps in Finite Element Method and explain them.
- 2. a) Derive the equilibrium equations at any point in a 2 Dimensional elastic systems under the action of external forces; in terms of stresses.
 - b) If stresses at any point in an elastic body are

 $\sigma_{xx} = \alpha x + \beta y$, $\sigma_{yy} = 2\alpha x + 3\beta y$, and $\tau_{xy} = 3\alpha x + 2\beta y$, then determine α and β .

- 3. a) What do you mean by shape functions and derive shape functions for a simple bar element.
 - b) Derive stiffness matrix of a simple bar element using interpolation functions.
- 4. What are convergence requirements in the context of displacement model, and explain their significance.
- 5. Explain how stiffness matrix of a three nodded triangular element is determined.
- 6. a) What do you mean by iso-parametric element and explain it.b) Derive shape functions of a simple rectangular element in terms of iso-parametric element.
- 7. a) What do you mean by axi-symmetric problem and explain it.b) Derive stress-strain relationship for axi-symmetric problem.
- 8. Write short answers on the following.
 - i) Numerical integration
 - ii) Static condensation
 - iii) Geo-metric invariance
 - iv) Boundary conditions

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Set No.2

IV B.Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, February/March, 2011 FINITE ELEMENT METHODS IN CIVIL ENGINEERING (Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks *****

- a) Explain the concept of Finite Element Method.
 b) Enlist the merits and demerits o Finite Element Method.
- 2. a) If u and v are displacement components along x- and y-axes respectively at any point in a 2D elastic body; derive strain-displacement relations,

$$\varepsilon_{xx} = \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}\right), \quad \varepsilon_{yy} = \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial y}\right), \quad and \quad \gamma_{xy} = \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial x}\right)$$

- b) If the displacements at any point in an elastic body are, $u = 10^{-3}(2x^2 + 3y)$, $v = 10^{-3}(4x^3 + 3y^2 + 5)$, and find strains at the point.
- 3. a) If shape functions of a 2 nodded bar element of length, L are, N₁ = (α₁x + β₁) and N₂ = (α₂x + β₂), determine the constants.

 b) Derive stiffness of using the shape functions given in the above problem.
- 4. Explain how equivalent nodal loads due to traction on the 2D element are computed.
- 5. Explain how stiffness matrix of a four nodded rectangular element is determined.
- 6. Derive the shape functions of a simple rectangular Lagrangian element in terms of isoparametric element form.
- 7. Derive stiffness matrix of an axi-symmetric triangular element.
- 8. Write short answers on the following.
 - a) Gaussian points in the context of numerical integration.
 - b) Assembling of elements' stiffness matrices
 - c) Principle of minimum potential energy.
 - d) Displacement boundary conditions

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Set No.3

IV B.Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, February/March, 2011 FINITE ELEMENT METHODS IN CIVIL ENGINEERING (Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Code No. M0122 /R07

Max. Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks *****

- 1. Explain the basic principle of the Rayleigh-Ritz method, in the context Finite Element method.
- 2. a)What do you mean by plane stress and explain it.b) Derive the constitute relationships for plane stress case.
- 3. A 1Dimensional structure, of length L fixed at one end; is subjected to an axially distributed load, */mq* all throughout. Assume axial stiffness, AE is constant. Analyze the structure using finite element method and find maximum stress and maximum displacement.
- 4. Analyse the equilateral triangular truss structure shown in Fig.1 using finite element method and find the member forces. Take AE is constant.



- 5. Explain how nodal load matrix of a three nodded triangular element is determined.
- 6. Derive the shape functions of a simple rectangular Serendipity element in terms of isoparametric element form.

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Set No.3

- 7. Differentiate how axi-symmetric element is different from 2D element and explain it.
- 8. Write short answers on the following.

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- a) Derive the one-point numerical integrations, $\int_{0}^{l} f(x) dx = \omega_{1} f(x_{1}) = f(x_{1})$
- b) Find the $\int_{0}^{3} (2x^{2} + 3x + 4) dx$ using one-point formula. c) Find the $\int_{0}^{3} (2x^{2} + 3x + 4) dx$ using two-point formula.
- d) Static condensation

Set No.4

IV B.Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, February/March, 2011 FINITE ELEMENT METHODS IN CIVIL ENGINEERING (Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Code No. M0122 /R07

Max. Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks *****

- 1. A cantilever beam is subjected to uniformly Distributed load, w/m throughout the span. Analyze the beam using Rayleigh-Ritz method and determine the following,
 - i) Displacement function,
 - ii) Max. Bending Moment,
 - iii) Max. Shear Force,
 - iv) Max. Deflection and comment on the results.
- 2. a) What do you mean by plane strain and explain it.b) Derive the constitute relationships for plane strain case.
- 3. A fixed beam is subjected to uniformly distributed load, w/m all throughout. Analyze the beam using finite element method and determine the maximum deflection and maximum bending moment in the beam.
- 4. a) What do you mean by constant strain triangular element and explain it.b) Derive the shape functions of a triangular element with coordinates as shown in Fig. 1.



- 5. Explain how nodal load matrix of a four nodded rectangular element is determined.
- 6. Derive the shape functions of a 8 nodded isoparametric element.

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Set No.4

- 7. Derive material stiffness matrix of an axi-symmetric element.
- 8. Write short answers on the following.
 - a) Jacobin matrix
 - b) Strain-displacement matrix
 - c) Assembling of elements' nodal force vector into global matrix.
 - d) Beam element

Route