

Code: ICT 9A04406

ICT

B.Tech II Year II Semester (R09) Supplementary Examinations, April/May 2013

ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY & TRANSMISSION LINES

(Electronics and Communication Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 70

Answer any FIVE questions
All questions carry equal marks

- 1 (a) Give the limitation of Gauss's law? And discuss some of its applications.
(b) Determine the charge density due to the following electric flux densities
(i) $D = 6xyi_x + 4y^2 i_y$ (ii) $D = r\sin\phi i_r + 2r\cos\phi i_\phi + 3z^2 i_z$
- 2 (a) The region between parallel plates of distance 'd' is filled with two dielectrics with conductivities σ_1 , σ_2 for $0 < x < t$ and $t < x < d$ respectively, find the boundary conditions to be satisfied at $x = t$, find potentials in the two regions.
(b) Find the flux density at a point (0, 0, 5) due to a point charge of 10 nC at (0, 0, 2) and a line charge of density 10 nC/m along x-axis?
- 3 (a) Derive an expression for magnetic field at a point due to two long straight parallel wires carrying equal and opposite currents.
(b) A conductor carries a current of 5 amps along the x-direction. Find the force on it if it is subjected to a flux density of 1 Wb/m^2 along z-direction.
- 4 (a) Find the capacitance of an isolated sphere of radius 'R'.
(b) Considering earth as a conducting sphere of radius 6550 km, calculate the surface charge on it?
- 5 A uniform plane wave is propagating in a medium having the properties $\sigma = 1 \text{ s/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 36$, $\mu_r = 4$. The electric field is given by $E = 100 e^{-\alpha x} \cos(10\pi \times 10^8 t - \beta x) a_z \text{ V/m}$. Determine α , and β and write time domain expression for the associated magnetic field vector.
- 6 A uniform sinusoidal plane wave in air with the following phasor expression for electric field intensity $E_i(x, z) = a_y 10 e^{j(6x + 8z)} \text{ v/m}$ is incident on a perfectly conducting plane at $z = 0$.
(i) Find frequency and wave length of the wave.
(ii) Determine the angle of incidence.
(iii) Find $E_r(x, z)$ and $H_r(x, z)$ of the reflected wave.
- 7 An open wire transmission line terminated in its characteristic impedance has the following primary constants at 1 KHz. $R = 6 \Omega/\text{km}$, $L = 2 \text{ mH}/\text{km}$, $C = 0.05 \mu\text{F}/\text{km}$, and $G = 0.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mhos}$. Calculate the phase velocity and the attenuation in db suffered by a signal in a length of 100 km.
- 8 A transmission line 100 m long operating at 100 MHz has the following constants $Z_0 = 50 \angle -5^\circ$, $\alpha = 0.001 \text{ neper/m}$, $\beta = \frac{\pi}{1.8} \text{ rad/m}$. The transmission line is now connected to a load and the value of voltage reflection coefficient measured at a distance of 4 m away from the load is found to be $0.5 \angle 30^\circ$. Calculate the input impedance of the line.
