

Code No: R10202 / R10

I B.Tech II Semester Supplementary Examinations January / February - 2012

MATHEMATICS - II
(Common to all branches)

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 75

Answer any FIVE Questions
All Questions carry equal marks

- 1.(a) Find the Laplace transform of $e^{-3t}(\cos 4t + 3\sin 4t)$.
- (b) If $f(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq t < 1 \\ -1 & 1 \leq t < 2 \end{cases}$ is a periodic function with period 2, find its Laplace transform.
- [7M + 8M]
- 2.(a) Find the inverse Laplace transform of $\cot^{-1}\left(\frac{s+2}{3}\right)$.
- (b) Solve the initial value problem by using Laplace transform method
 $y'' + 7y' + 10y = 4e^{-3t}$, $y(0) = 0$ and $y'(0) = -1$
- [7M + 8M]
- 3.(a) If $f(x) = \left(\frac{\pi-x}{2}\right)^2$ in the interval $(0, 2\pi)$. Show that $f(x) = \frac{\pi^2}{12} + \sum_n \frac{\cos nx}{n^2}$.
- Hence obtain $\frac{1}{1^2} - \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} - \frac{1}{4^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{12}$.
- (b) Obtain half range cosine series $f(x) = x$ in the interval $0 \leq x \leq \pi$. Hence show that $\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{8}$
- [7M + 8M]
- 4.(a) State Fourier integral theorem and deduce complex form of it.
- (b) Find the Fourier transform of $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & |x| \leq a \\ 0 & |x| > a, \end{cases}$ and hence evaluate $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sin ax}{x} dx$.
- [7M + 8M]
- 5.(a) Form the partial differential equation by eliminating arbitrary function from $z = f(y/x)$.
- (b) Solve $(x^2 - yz)p + (y^2 - zx)q = z^2 - xy$.
- [7M + 8M]
- 6.(a) A tightly stretched string with fixed end points $x=0$ and $x=L$ is initially at rest in its equilibrium position. If it is set to vibrate by giving each of its points a velocity $\lambda x(L-x)$, find its displacement at a later time t .
- (b) Find the temperature in a laterally insulated rod of length L whose both ends are insulated and the initial temperature $u(x,0) = x$ if $0 < x < \frac{L}{2}$ and $L-x$ if $\frac{L}{2} < x < L$.
- [7M + 8M]

Code No: R10202 / R10**Set No. 1**

7.(a) Find the Z-transforms of (i) $(n-1)^2$ (ii) $e^{-an} \cos n\theta$.

(b) Solve the difference equation $u_{n+2} - 3u_{n+1} + 2u_n = 0$, given $u_0 = 0$ and $u_1 = 1$.

[7M + 8M]

8.(a) Show that $\beta(m, n) = \frac{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(n)}{\Gamma(m+n)}$

(b) Evaluate $\int_0^1 x^2 \left(\log \frac{1}{x} \right)^3 dx$.

[7M + 8M]

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1.(a) Using Laplace transforms evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^{-t} \sin^2 t}{t} dt$

(b) Find the Laplace transform of the periodic function

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} \sin \omega t & 0 \leq t < \frac{\pi}{\omega} \\ -1 & \frac{\pi}{\omega} \leq t < \frac{2\pi}{\omega}, \end{cases} \text{ with period } \frac{2\pi}{\omega}$$

[7M + 8M]

2.(a) Using convolution theorem, find the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{1}{(s^2+9)(s+1)^2}$

(b) By using Laplace transform, solve the initial value problem $y'' = t \cos 2t$, $y(0) = 0$ and $y'(0) = 0$.

[7M + 8M]

3.(a) Prove that in the interval $(-\pi, \pi)$, $x \cos x = -\frac{1}{2} \sin x + 2 \sum_2^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2 - 1} \sin nx$.

(b) Find the half range sine series of $f(x) = (x-1)^2$ in the interval (0,1).

[7M + 8M]

4.(a) Find the Fourier cosine transform of e^{-x^2} .

(b) Using Fourier integral theorems show that $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos \omega x}{1 + \omega^2} d\omega = \frac{\pi}{2} e^{-x}$.

[7M + 8M]

5.(a) Form the partial differential equation by eliminating arbitrary function from $f(x^2 + y^2, z - xy) = 0$.

(b) Solve $x^2 (y - z) p + y^2 (z - x) q = z^2 (x - y)$.

[7M + 8M]

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6.(a) Use separation of variables to solve $3\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + 2\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 0$ with $u(x,0) = 4e^{-x}$

(b) A rod of length 100 cm length has its ends A and B kept at 0° and 100° centigrade until steady state conditions prevail. The temperatures at the ends are changed to $20^\circ C$ and $60^\circ C$ respectively. Find the temperature in the rod.

[7M + 8M]

7.(a) If $Z\{u_n\} = \frac{z}{z-1} + \frac{z}{z^2+1}$, find the Z-transform of u_{n+2} .

(b) Find $Z^{-1}\left\{\frac{z^3}{(z+1)(z-1)^2}\right\}$

[7M + 8M]

8.(a) Define beta function and hence prove that $\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \sqrt{\pi}$.

(b) Show that $\int_0^\infty \sqrt{x} e^{-x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{3}$.

[7M + 8M]

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1.(a) Show that $\int_0^{\infty} t^2 e^{-4t} \cdot \sin 2t dt = \frac{11}{500}$

(b) Define impulse function and finds it's Laplace transform.

[7M + 8M]

2.(a) State and apply convolution theorem to find the inverse Laplace transform of

$$\frac{1}{(s+2)^2(s^2+4)}$$

(b) Solve the differential equation $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 2\frac{dx}{dt} + 5x = e^{-t} \sin t$, $x(0) = 0$ and $x'(0) = 1$.

[7M + 8M]

3.(a) Find the Fourier series to represent the function $f(x)$ given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & 0 \leq x \leq \pi \\ 2\pi - x & \pi < x \leq 2\pi, \end{cases} \text{ Deduce that } \frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{8}.$$

(b) Find the half range sine series for $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4} - x & 0 < x < \frac{1}{2} \\ x - \frac{3}{4} & \frac{1}{2} < x < 1 \end{cases}$.

[7M + 8M]

4.(a) Evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} \left(\frac{\sin t}{t}\right)^2 dx$.

(b) Find the Fourier sine transform of $\frac{1}{x(x^2+a^2)}$.

[7M + 8M]

5.(a) Form the differential equations of all planes which are at a constant distance 'a' from the origin.

(b) Solve $y p = 2 y x + \log q$.

[7M + 8M]

Code No: R10202 / R10**Set No. 3**

6.(a) Solve $u_x = 2u_t + u$ where $u(x,0) = 6e^{-3x}$.

(b) Solve the Laplace equation $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$ subject to the conditions $u(x,0) = u(x,b) = u(0,y) = 0$ and $u(a,y) = f(y)$.

[7M + 8M]

7.(a) Show that $Z\left\{\frac{1}{n+1}\right\} = z \log \frac{z}{z-1}$.

(b) Evaluate $Z^{-1}\left\{\frac{z}{z^2 + 11z + 24}\right\}$

[7M + 8M]

8.(a) Prove that $\beta(n,n) = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\Gamma(n)}{2^{2n-1}\Gamma\left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right)}$.

(b) Prove that $\int_0^1 x^5(1-x)^3 dx = \frac{1}{504}$.

[7M + 8M]

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- 1.(a) Find the Laplace transform of $\frac{\sin 3t \cos t}{t}$
- (b) Find the Laplace transform of $3 \cos 4(t-2)u(t-2)$.
- [7M + 8M]
- 2.(a) Find the Laplace transform of $\frac{2s+12}{s^2+6s+13}$.
- (b) By using Laplace transform method solve $(D^2 - 2D + 2)x = 0$, given that $x = Dx = 1$ at $t = 0$.
- [7M + 8M]
- 3.(a) Expand $f(x) = e^{-x}$ as a Fourier series in the interval $(-L, L)$.
- (b) Obtain half range sine series for e^x in $0 < x < 1$.
- [7M + 8M]
- 4.(a) Find the Fourier cosine transform of e^{-ax} and hence evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos \lambda x}{x^2 + a^2} dx$.
- (b) Solve the integral equation $\int_0^{\infty} f(x) \cos \alpha x dx = e^{-\alpha}$.
- [7M + 8M]
- 5.(a) Form the PDE by eliminating 'f' from $f(x+y+z, x^2+y^2+z^2) = 0$.
- (b) Solve $x^2 p^2 + y^2 q^2 = z^2$.
- [7M + 8M]
- 6.(a) Solve $u_{xx} = u_y + u$ with $u(0, y) = 0$ and $\frac{\partial u(0, y)}{\partial x} = 1 + e^{-3y}$.
- (b) A bar of length L is laterally insulated with its ends A and B kept at 0° and 100° respectively until steady state condition is reached. The temperature at A is raised to 30° and that at B is reduced to 80° simultaneously. Find the temperature in the rod at a later time.
- [7M + 8M]

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7.(a) Find the Z-transforms of (i) $\frac{1}{(n+1)!}$ and (ii) $1+(-2)^n$.

(b) Solve $u_{n+2} - 6u_{n+1} + 9u_n = 0$

[7M + 8M]

8.(a) Prove that $2^{2n-1}\Gamma(n)\Gamma\left(n+\frac{1}{2}\right) = \Gamma(2n)\sqrt{\pi}$.

(b) By using beta and gamma functions evaluate $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{(1-x^3)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$.

[7M + 8M]