

**Subject Code:- R10202/R10****Set No - 1****I B.Tech II Semester Regular Examinations June - 2012****MATHEMATICS – II****(Common to All Branches)****Time: 3 hours****Max. Marks : 75****Answer any FIVE Questions  
All Questions carry equal marks****\* \* \* \* \***

- 1.(a) Using Laplace transform evaluate  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^{-t} - e^{-2t}}{t} dt$
- (b) Find the Laplace transform of (i)  $e^{-3t}(2\cos 5t - 3\sin 5t)$  (ii)  $e^{3t} \sin^2 t$  [7M + 8M]
- 2.(a) Using the convolution Theorem find  $L^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{S^2(S+1)^2}\right]$
- (b) Solve the differential equation  $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 9x = \sin t$  using Laplace Transform given that  $x(0) = 1, x(\pi/2) = 1$  [7M + 8M]
- 3.(a) Expand  $f(x) = \pi x, 0 < x < 1$   
 $= 0, 1 < x < 2$   
in to Fourier series.
- (b) Show that in the interval  $(0, 1), \cos \pi x = \frac{8}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{4n^2 - 1} \sin 2n\pi x$  [7M + 8M]
- 4.(a) Express the function  $f(x) = 1, |x| \leq 1$   
 $= 0, |x| > 1$   
as Fourier integral. Hence evaluate  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin \lambda \cos \lambda x}{\lambda} d\lambda$  and find  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin x}{x} dx$
- (b) Find the Fourier sine transform of  $\frac{1}{x(x^2 + a^2)}$  [7M + 8M]
- 5.(a) Form the partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary function  $f$  from :  
 $f(x^2 + y^2, x^2 - z^2) = 0$
- (b) Solve  $(Z^2 - 2yz - y^2)p + (xy + zx)q = xy - zx$
- (c) Solve  $Z^2(p^2 + q^2) = x^2 + y^2$  [5M + 5M + 5M]

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6. A tightly stretched string with fixed end points  $x=0$  and  $x=1$  is initially in a position given by  $y = y_0 \sin^3 \frac{\pi x}{1}$ . If it is released from rest from this position. Find the displacement  $y(x,t)$ .

[15M]

7.(a) Show that  $Z \left[ \cos \left( \frac{n\pi}{2} + \theta \right) \right] = \frac{Z^2 \cos \theta - Z \sin \theta}{Z^2 + 1}$

(b) Evaluate  $Z^{-1} \left[ \frac{4z^2 - 2z}{Z^3 - 5z^2 + 8z - 4} \right]$

[7M + 8M]

8.(a) Show that  $\beta(m, n) = \int_0^\infty \frac{x^{m-1}}{(1+x)^{m+n}} dx = \int_0^\infty \frac{x^{n-1}}{(1+x)^{m+n}} dx$

(b) Prove that  $\Gamma \left( n + \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(2n+1)}{z^{2n} \Gamma(n+1)}$

[7M + 8M]

**Subject Code:- R10202/R10****Set No - 2****I B.Tech II Semester Regular Examinations June - 2012****MATHEMATICS – II****(Common to All Branches)****Time: 3 hours****Max. Marks : 75****Answer any FIVE Questions  
All Questions carry equal marks****\* \* \* \* \***

- 1.(a) Using Laplace transform, evaluate  $\int_0^{\infty} \left( \frac{\cos 5t - \cos t}{t} \right) dt$
- (b) Solve the D.E.  $y'' + n^2 y = a \sin(nt + 2)$ ,  $y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0$  using Laplace Transform. [7M + 8M]
- 2.(a) Find  $L^{-1} \left( \frac{S}{S^4 + 4a^4} \right)$
- (b) Find  $L^{-1} \left[ \frac{1}{(S+1)^3} \right]$  [7M + 8M]
- 3.(a) Find the Fourier series expansion of  $f(x) = x \sin x$  in  $-\pi < x < \pi$
- (b) Find the half range sine series of period  $2L$  for  $f(x) = \frac{2x}{L}, 0 \leq x \leq L/2$   
 $= \frac{2}{L}(L-x), L/2 \leq x \leq L$  [7M + 8M]
- 4.(a) Show that the Fourier transform of  $f(x) = a - |x|, |x| < a$   
 $= 0, |x| > a$   
 is  $\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left( \frac{1 - \cos as}{S^2} \right)$ . Hence deduce that  $\int_0^{\infty} \left( \frac{\sin t}{t} \right)^2 dt = \frac{\pi}{2}$
- (b) Find the cosine transform of  $\frac{1}{1+x^2}$  and hence find the sine transform of  $\frac{x}{1+x^2}$  [7M + 8M]
- 5.(a) Find the differential equation of all spheres of radius 8 and having their centres in the  $yz$  plane
- (b) Solve the partial differential equation  $z(x-y) = px^2 - qy^2$
- (c) Solve  $\frac{x^2}{p} + \frac{y^2}{q} = z$  [5M + 5M + 5M]

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6. Find the temperature  $u(x,t)$  in a bar OA of length L which is perfectly insulated laterally and whose ends O and A are kept at  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$ , given that the initial temperature at any point P of the rod (where  $op=x$ ) is given as  $u(x,0) = f(x), (0 \leq x \leq l)$

[15M]

- 7.(a) Find  $Z(\cos h at. \sin b t)$

- (b) If  $f(z) = \frac{2z^2 + 3z + 4}{(z-3)^3}, |z| > 3$ , then find the values of  $f(1), f(2)$  and  $f(3)$ .

[7M + 8M]

- 8.(a) Prove that  $\int_b^a (x-b)^{m-1} (a-x)^{n-1} dx = (a-b)^{m+n-1} \beta(m, n), m > 0, n > 0$

- (b) Prove that  $\int_0^1 \frac{x^2 dx}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} \times \int_0^1 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} = \frac{\pi}{4\sqrt{2}}$

[7M + 8M]

**Subject Code:- R10202/R10****Set No - 3****I B.Tech II Semester Regular Examinations June - 2012****MATHEMATICS – II****(Common to All Branches)****Time: 3 hours****Max. Marks : 75****Answer any FIVE Questions  
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1.(a) Using Laplace transform evaluate  $\int_0^{\infty} t e^{-t} \sin t dt$ .

(b) If  $f(x)$  is sectionally continuous and of exponential order and  $L[f(t)] = \bar{f}(s)$ , then

$$L[t^n f(t)] = (-1)^n \frac{d^n}{ds^n} [\bar{f}(s)] \quad \text{where } n=1,2,3.$$

[7M + 8M]

2.(a) Find  $L^{-1} \left[ \frac{s+1}{(s^2+2s+2)^2} \right]$

(b) Find  $L^{-1} \left[ \frac{S^2}{(S^2+4)(S^2+9)} \right]$  using convolution theorem.

[7M + 8M]

3.(a) Find the Fourier series for the expansion of  $f(x) = x \cos x$  in  $-\pi < x < \pi$

(b) Find the half range sine series for  $f(x) = 1, 0 < x < \frac{1}{2}$   
 $= 0, \frac{1}{2} < x < 1$

[7M + 8M]

4.(a) Using Fourier Integral formula, show that  $e^{-x} \cos x = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{(\lambda^2 + 2) \cos \lambda x}{\lambda^2 + 4} d\lambda$

(b) Find the Fourier sine transform of  $f(x) = \frac{e^{-ax}}{x}$  and deduce that

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^{-ax} - e^{-bx}}{x} \sin px dx = \tan^{-1} \frac{p}{a} - \tan^{-1} \frac{p}{b}$$

[7M + 8M]

5.(a) Find the differential equation arising from  $\phi(x+y+z, x^2+y^2+Z^2) = 0$

(b) Solve  $(x^2 - yz)p + (y^2 - zx)q = z^2 - xy$

(c) Solve  $(x^2 + y^2)(p^2 + q^2) = 1$

[5M + 5M + 5M]

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6. Solve  $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$  with  $u(0, y) = 0 = u(x, 0)$  and  $u(x, a) = \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right)$

[15M]

7.(a) If  $\bar{u}(Z) = \frac{2z^2 + 5z + 12}{(z-1)^4}$  evaluate  $u_2$  and  $u_3$ .

(b) Find  $Z^{-1}\left[\frac{8z - Z^3}{(4-z)^3}\right]$

[7M + 8M]

8.(a) Show that  $\beta(m, n) = 2 \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^{2m-1} \theta \cos^{2n-1} \theta d\theta$

hence find  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^5 \theta \cos^{7/2} \theta d\theta$

(b) Prove that  $\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{n}\right)\dots\dots\dots \Gamma\left(\frac{n-1}{n}\right) = \frac{(2n)^{\frac{n-1}{2}}}{n^{1/2}}$

[7M + 8M]

**Subject Code:- R10202/R10****Set No - 4****I B.Tech II Semester Regular Examinations June - 2012****MATHEMATICS – II****(Common to All Branches)****Time: 3 hours****Max. Marks : 75****Answer any FIVE Questions  
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- 1.(a) Using Laplace transform evaluate  $\int_0^{\infty} te^{-t} \sin t dt$   
 (b) Using Laplace transform, solve  
 $(D^2 + 4D + 5)y = 5$ , given that  $y(0)=0, y'(0)=1$ . [7M + 8M]
- 2.(a) Find  $L^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{S^2(S^2 + 1)(S^2 + 4)}\right]$   
 (b) Solve the following differential equation using the Laplace transform,  
 $y'' - 3y' + 2y = 4t + e^{3t}$ ,  $y(0)=1, y'(0)=1$  [7M + 8M]
- 3.(a) Determine the Fourier series expansion of the function  $f(x) = \frac{1}{12}(3x^2 - 6x\pi + 2\pi^2)$  in the interval  $(0, 2\pi)$   
 (b) Find the half – range sine series of the function  
 $f(x) = x, \quad 0 < x < \pi/2$   
 $= \pi - x, \quad \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi$  [7M + 8M]
- 4.(a) Show that Fourier transform of  $e^{-x^2/2}$  is reciprocal.  
 (b) Find the Fourier transform of  $f(x) = 1 - x^2, |x| \leq 1$   
 $= 0, \quad |x| > 1$   
 and hence evaluate  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \cos x - \sin x}{x^3} \cos \frac{x}{2} dx$ . [7M + 8M]
- 5.(a) Form the partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary function  $\phi$  from:  $\phi(x^2 + y^2 + z^2, z^2 - 2xy) = 0$   
 (b) Solve  $(x^3 + 3xy^2)p + (y^3 + 3x^2y)q = 2(x^2 + y^2)z$   
 (c) Solve  $(x + pz)^2 + (y + qz)^2 = 1$  [5M + 5M + 5M]

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**Set No - 4**

6. A tightly stretched string with fixed end points  $x=0$  and  $x=l$  is initially at rest in its equilibrium position. If it is vibrating by giving to each of its points a velocity  $\lambda x(l-x)$ , find the displacement of the string at any distance  $x$  from one end at any time  $t$ .

[15M]

- 7.(a) Evaluate  $Z(\cos\theta + i\sin\theta)^n$ . Hence prove that

$$Z(\cos n\theta) = \frac{Z(Z - \cos\theta)}{Z^2 - 2Z\cos\theta + 1} \quad \text{and} \quad Z(\sin n\theta) = \frac{Z\sin\theta}{Z^2 - 2Z\cos\theta + 1}$$

- (b) Find  $Z^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{(z - \frac{1}{2})(z - \frac{1}{3})}\right]$  in the region

(i)  $\frac{1}{3} < |z| < \frac{1}{2}$                       (ii)  $|z| > \frac{1}{2}$

[7M + 8M]

- 8.(a) Prove that  $\beta(m, n) = \frac{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(n)}{\Gamma(m+n)}$  where  $m > 0, n > 0$ .

- (b) Show that (i)  $\beta(m, \frac{1}{2}) = 2^{2m-1}\beta(m, m)$

(ii)  $\Gamma(m)\Gamma(m + \frac{1}{2}) = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2^{2m-1}}\Gamma(2m)$

[7M + 8M]