

Code No: N0423/R07

Set No. 1

IV B.Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, Feb/Mar 2011
MICRO CONTROLLERS AND APPLICATIONS

(Common to Electronics & Communication Engineering, Bio-Medical
 Engineering and Electronics & Telematics)

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions
All Questions carry equal marks

1. Bring out the functional difference between microprocessors and microcontroller by drawing their basic block diagrams. [16]
2. Write a program to add 4, 32bit numbers using 8051 μ C assembly language. [16]
3. Write short notes on the following:
 - (a) Non maskable interrupts.
 - (b) Exceptions. [2×8]
4. (a) Write short notes on TCON register.
 (b) Give instructions to set the register PSW & PC. [8+8]
5. Use an 8-bit D/A converter which generates 1000Hz sine wave. 166 decimal samples are stored in a look up table and fed to the converter at a rate of one sample per 6 μ sec. The look up table is pointed by DPTR and R₁ is used to count the samples. Write assembly language program to initialize the D/A converter which is interfaced to 8051. [16]
6. (a) List the best strategies for synchronisation between the tasks and ISRS.
 (b) Explain the terms process descriptor and process control block [16]
7. (a) How do we program bit rate/clock rate during the synchronous function in an 80196? Explain for a bit rate of 9600 baud/sec
 (b) What is an overrun error?
 (c) For a 12 MHz crystal with 80196, what is the period between the two inputs to FRC timer 1? [16]
8. (a) Draw and explain the ARM core dataflow model.
 (b) What are the various condition flags in ARM? [8+8]

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1. How the mapping of control address data select and control signal in microprocessor can be map on to 8051 environment? [16]
2. Explain in detail the function of CPU registers. [16]
3. What are the instructions that will enable and disable interrupts explain in detail? [16]
4. Write what in the value (in hex) loaded into TH, TR, TF for to program timers for mode2.
 (a) MOV TH0, #00H
 (b) MOV TRO, #12H
 (c) usTFO, #BH. [16]
5. Use an 8-bit D/A converter which generators 1000Hz sine wave. 166 decimal samples are stored in a look up table and fed to the converter at a rate of one sample per 6μ sec. The look up table is pointed by DPTR and R₁ is used to count the samples. Write assembly language program to initialize the D/A converter which is interfaced to 8051. [16]
6. How do we initiate pre emptive scheduling and assign priorities to the tasks for scheduling? Give two examples of the need for pre emptive scheduling? [16]
7. Draw 80196 Vertical windows. What are the uses of vertical windows? What are the advantages of providing adjustable vertical window size? [16]
8. (a) What is current program status register? Explain the generic structure of program status register as ARM core.
 (b) What are the various processor modes of ARM. What is the order of privilege? Explain. [8+8]

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Set No. 3

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1. Write a program to arrange the given numbers in ascending and descending order using assembly language program of 8051. [16]
2. Write a program to add 4, 32bit numbers using 8051 μ C assembly language. [16]
3. Narrate module coupling in interrupt service routine using 8051 interrupt structure. [16]
4. Write a routine for delay that a timer starts to the time the TF flag is raised. [16]
5. (a) LCD display module takes a certain time for the execution of its own instruction. This delay is variable and depends on many factors. Discuss this issue and find out the solutions to make the software independent of actual LCD interface Hardware.
 (b) What are the various selection criteria between LCD and LED display. [8+8]
6. (a) When do we use cooperative scheduling and do we use preemptive scheduling?
 (b) Explain the importance of each of the following metrics of a real time system
 (i) throughput
 (ii) interrupt latencies,
 (iii) average response times and
 (iv) deadline misses [8+8]
7. (a) List the special function registers of 80196. How does 26 byte addresses accommodate more than 26 special function register bytes?
 (b) Describe the function of HSO and HSI unit in 80196 [8+8]
8. (a) How can we change the PSR contents through instructions in ARM? Explain different PSR instructions in ARM.
 (b) Explain how a constant is loaded into a general purpose register of ARM processor.
 (c) What is Thumb state? [6+6+4]

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Set No. 4

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Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 80

**Answer any FIVE Questions
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1. Draw and explain the block diagram of external data memory interface. [16]
2. Describe the procedure for I/O bit manipulation programming? [16]
3. How do you compare interrupts Vs polling? [16]
4. (a) Find the timer's clock frequency and its period for various 8051-based systems with the following frequencies.
 - i. 8MHz
 - ii. 4MHz
 - iii. 16MHz.
- (b) Write about GATE in TMOD register. [8+8]
5. (a) LCD display module takes a certain time for the execution of its own instruction. This delay is variable and depends on many factors. Discuss this issue and find out the solutions to make the software independent of actual LCD interface Hardware.
- (b) What are the various selection criteria between LCD and LED display. [8+8]
6. (a) Explain round robin and pre-emptive scheduling with examples. When do we use each of them?
- (b) How does a semaphore handle a critical section of a task? [10+6]
7. (a) What are the uses of the bits in interrupt pending register? How do we use these for the interrupt servicing at timer 1 and timer 2 in 80196?
- (b) How do we reset the timer 2 in 80196? [10+6]
8. (a) What are the Thumb version load-store multiple instructions? Explain them with example.
- (b) Explain how Thumb state changes to ARM state and vice versa. [8+8]
