

[16]

[8+8]

I B.TECH – EXAMINATIONS, JUNE - 2011 APPLIED CHEMISTRY (CIVIL ENGINEERING)

Time: 3hours

Code.No: R05010104

Max.Marks:80

Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry equal marks

- 1.a) Explain the electro-chemical theory of wet corrosion.
 - b) What are galvanic series? How are they important?
 - c) Describe the use of inhibitors.
- 2.a) What do you understand by surface preparation done to prevent corrosion? Explain the various methods.
 - b) Discuss the composition and use of the following coatings in preventing corrosion of metals:
 - i) Enamels ii) Varnishes.
- 3.a) Describe the preparation, properties and uses of :i) Nylon and ii) Bakelite
 - b) What is Vulcanization? Explain the process and its importance. [8+8]
- 4.a) Discuss the classification of refractories giving examples.
 - b) Explain the causes for the failure of a refractory material.
- c) Discuss the characteristics and engineering applications of thermal insulators. [16]
- 5.a) Describe the analysis of water with reference to its alkalinity, chlorides and dissolved oxygen.
 - b) Explain methods used in the sterilization of water used for drinking purposes.

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- 6.a) Describe the properties and uses of the following lubricants:

 i) Graphite ii) Molybelenium disulphide and iii) Lithium based greases.

 b) Write about the following properties of lubricants:

 i) Aniline point and ii) Neutralization Number.
- 7.a) What is meant by internal treatment of boiler-water? How it is done?
- b) Outline the ion-exchange process for softening of hard water.
- c) A sample of water from a well in Kadapa town showed the following analysis: KOH = 0.57 mg/litre; $MgSO_4 = 2.40 \text{ mg/litre};$ $MgCl_2 = 0.94 \text{ mg/litre};$ $Ca(HCO_3)_2 = 1.62 \text{ mg/litre};$ $Ca(NO_3)_2 = 1.64 \text{ mg/litre};$ Suspended impurities = 1.32 mg/litre. Calculate the temporary, permanent and total hardness of water sample in ppm units and Francke. [16]
- 8.a) What are lines? How are they classified and what are their properties and uses?
- b) Write a note on manufacture of cement.

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