R07

Set No.1

Code No: M0123

IV B.Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, February/March 2011 REMOTE SENSING AND GIS APPLICATIONS (Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. (a) Explain different types of aerial photographs
 - (b) Explain with a neat sketch the components of a remote sensing system.
- 2. With a neat sketch explain basic components of an ideal remote sensing system.
- 3. (a) Explain the levels of interpretation keys
 - (b) List and explain in brief various application of aerial photo interpretation
- 4. Explain the following
 - (a) Manual digitization and its advantages and disadvantages over automatic digitization.
 - (b) Rubber sheeting
- 5. Describe the following
 - (a) Layer based GIS mapping
 - (b) Feature based GIS mapping
- 6. Explain the following advanced tools of GIS analysis along with suitable examples
 - (a) Proximity analysis
- (c) Spatial operation
- (b) Terrain analysis
- (d) Network analysis
- 7. Explain how GIS and remote sensing techniques are used in flood and drought impact assessment.
- 8. Explain in detail along with a flow chart, how RS and GIS can be applied for the preparation of stage –capacity curves of a reservoir.

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Set No.2

IV B.Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, February/March 2011 REMOTE SENSING AND GIS APPLICATIONS (Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. (a) Explain image parallax in photogrammetry
 - (b) Distinguish between a camera and sensor.
- 2. Explain energy interaction with earth surface features. Sketch the spectral reflectance of vegetation, soil and water.
- 3. Explain the following
 - (a) Spatial resolution
- (b) Spectral resolution
- (c)Radiometric resolution
- (d) Temporal resolution
- 4. (a) Define GIS along with its inbuilt subsystems.
 - (b) Explain various advantages of GIS
- 5. Explain various procedures / models for storage of vector and rater data in GIS
- 6. Explain data collection, data input, data manipulation and data output modules in GIS
- 7. Explain how GIS and remote sensing techniques are used in watershed management for sustainable development
- 8. Explain how Remote sensing and GIS techniques are used in water resources management and monitoring

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Set No.3

IV B.Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, February/March 2011 REMOTE SENSING AND GIS APPLICATIONS (Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. (a) List out various advantages and disadvantages of remote sensing
 - (b) Describe the procedure for parallax measurements for height.
- 2. Explain the following
 - (a) Energy interactions in the atmosphere
 - (b) Energy interactions with earth surface features.
- 3. Explain in detail basic elements of image interpretation
- 4. What step would you take to limit the introduction of errors in (a) the digitizing and (b) the scanning of spatial data?
- 5. With a neat sketch describe raster and vector data representation
- 6. (a) What are the various elements in GIS application software
 - (b) List out some of the major international GIS vendors
- 7. Explain how GIS and remote sensing techniques are used in land use and land cover studies
- 8. Explain how Remote sensing and GIS techniques are used in identification of sites for artificial recharge structures for ground water development.

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Set No.4

IV B.Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, February/March 2011 REMOTE SENSING AND GIS APPLICATIONS (Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. (a)Write a brief note on stereoscopic parallax
 - (b) What are the major advantages of digital images over traditional hard copy images?
- 2. Explain the following earth resources satellite
 - (a) LANDSAT
 - (b) NOAA
- 3. (a) Explain the basic character of digital image
 - (b) What do you mean by image registration?
- 4. List various image enhancement techniques and explain each in detail.
- 5. Explain data collection, data input, data manipulation and data output modules in GIS
- 6. With an example each, explain the following:
 - (a) Buffering.
 - (b) Overlaying a polygon theme with a point theme
 - (c) Overlying a line theme with a polygon theme.
 - (d) Reclassification.
- 7. Explain how GIS and remote sensing techniques are used in determining runoff potential indices of watershed
- 8. Explain in detail along with a flow chart, how RS and GIS can be applied for the estimation of surface area of surface water bodies in a given study area.