## Code: R7220303



B.Tech II Year II Semester (R07) Supplementary Examinations, April/May 2013

## **THERMAL ENGINEERING-I**

(Mechanical Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 80

## Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry equal marks

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- 1. (a) Define volumetric efficiency and discuss the effect of various factors affecting the volumetric efficiency.
  - (b) Why do designer go for multi cylinder engine for heavy loads and name some multi cylinder types?
- 2. (a) Describe the phenomenon of pre-ignition in S.I. engines and discuss its effect on the performance.
  - (b) What are the various types of combustion chambers used in S.I. engines? Explain them briefly.
- 3. (a) Explain with figure various types of combustion chambers used in C.I. engine.
  - (b) Bring out clearly the process of combustion in C.I. engine. Also explain various stages of combustion.
- 4. (a) Describe the phenomenon of pre-ignition in S.I. engines and discuss its effect on the performance.
  - (b) Explain with a neat sketch the battery ignition system.
- 5. The following data refer to an oil engine working on Otto 4-stroke cycle.

Brake power	=	14.7 KW,
Suction press	=	0.9 bar,
Mechanical efficiency	=	80%,
Index of compression curve	=	1.35,
Index of expansion curve	=	1.3,
Maximum explosion pressure	=	24 bar,
Engine speed	=	1000 rpm.
Ratio of stroke : bore	÷ i	1.5
Find the diameter of the piston.		

- 6. (a) Explain the effect of inter cooling in a multi stage reciprocating compressor.
  - (b) Determine the size of the cylinder for a double acting air compressor of 40 KW indicated power, in which air is drawn at 1 bar and 15 °C and compressed according to the law PV<sup>1.2</sup> = constant to 6 bar the compressor runs at 100 rpm with average piston speed of 152.5 m/min. Neglect clearance.
- 7. (a) Compare centrifugal and axial flow compressors.
  - (b) A root blower compresses 0.06 m<sup>3</sup> of air from 1.0 bar to 1.45 bar per revolution. Calculate compressor efficiency.
- 8. (a) What do you mean by surging & choking?
  - (b) An axial flow compressor with an overall isentropic efficiency of 85% draws air at 20 °C and compresses it in the pressure ratio of 4:1. The mean blade speed and flow velocity are constant throughout the compressor. Assuming 50% reaction blading and taking blade velocity as 180 m/s and work input factor as 0.82 calculate:

(i) flow velocity and (ii) the number of stages. Take  $\alpha = 12^{\circ}$ ,  $\beta = 42^{\circ}$ ,  $C_p = 1.005$  KJ/kg K.

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